

**Brazil Undergrad MO 2019**

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- 1 Let  $I$  and  $0$  be the square identity and null matrices, both of size 2019. There is a square matrix  $A$  with rational entries and size 2019 such that:
- $A^3 + 6A^2 - 2I = 0$ ?
  - $A^4 + 6A^3 - 2I = 0$ ?

- 3 Let  $a, b, c$  be constants and  $a, b, c$  are positive real numbers. Prove that the equations  $2x + y + z = \sqrt{c^2 + z^2} + \sqrt{c^2 + y^2}$ ,  $x + 2y + z = \sqrt{b^2 + x^2} + \sqrt{b^2 + z^2}$ ,  $x + y + 2z = \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} + \sqrt{a^2 + y^2}$  have exactly one real solution  $(x, y, z)$  with  $x, y, z \geq 0$ .

- 4 Find all functions  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that for any  $(x, y)$  real numbers we have  $f(xf(y) + f(x)) + f(y^2) = f(x) + yf(x + y)$

**Problem 5** Let  $M, k > 0$  integers.

Let  $X(M, k)$  the (infinite) set of all integers that can be factored as  $p_1^{e_1} \cdot p_2^{e_2} \cdot \dots \cdot p_r^{e_r}$  where each  $p_i$  is not smaller than  $M$  and also each  $e_i$  is not smaller than  $k$ .

Let  $Z(M, k, n)$  the number of elements of  $X(M, k)$  not bigger than  $n$ .

Show that there are positive reals  $c(M, k)$  and  $\beta(M, k)$  such that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{Z(M, k, n)}{n^{\beta(M, k)}} = c(M, k)$$

and find  $\beta(M, k)$

- 6 In a hidden friend, suppose no one takes oneself. We say that the hidden friend has "marmalade" if there are two people  $A$  and  $B$  such that  $A$  took  $B$  and  $B$  took  $A$ . For each positive integer  $n$ , let  $f(n)$  be the number of hidden friends with  $n$  people where there is no "marmalade", i.e.  $f(n)$  is equal to the number of permutations  $\sigma$  of  $1, 2, \dots, n$  such that:

\*  $\sigma(i) \neq i$  for all  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$

\* there are no  $1 \leq i < j \leq n$  such that  $\sigma(i) = j$  and  $\sigma(j) = i$ .

Determine the limit

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{f(n)}{n!}$$

