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by randomusername

- 1 Paint the grid points of $L = \{0, 1, \dots, n\}^2$ with red or green in such a way that every unit lattice square in L has exactly two red vertices. How many such colorings are possible?

- 2 Let ABC be a non-equilateral triangle in the plane, and let T be a point different from its vertices. Define A_T, B_T and C_T as the points where lines $AT, BT,$ and CT meet the circumcircle of ABC . Prove that there are exactly two points P and Q in the plane for which the triangles $A_P B_P C_P$ and $A_Q B_Q C_Q$ are equilateral. Prove furthermore that line PQ contains the circumcenter of $\triangle ABC$.

- 3 Let $k \geq 0$ be an integer and suppose the integers a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n give at least $2k$ different residues upon division by $(n + k)$. Show that there are some a_i whose sum is divisible by $n + k$.
