## AoPS Community

## 2019 Rioplatense Mathematical Olympiad, Level 3

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- Day 1

1 Let $A B C D E F$ be a regular hexagon, in the sides $A B, C D, D E$ and $F A$ we choose four points $P, Q, R$ and $S$ respectively, such that $P Q R S$ is a square. Prove that $P Q$ and $B C$ are parallel.

2 Find all functions $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ such that $f\left(f(x)^{2}+f\left(y^{2}\right)\right)=(x-y) f(x-f(y))$
3 In the dog dictionary the words are any sequence of letters $A$ and $U$ for example $A A, U A U$ and $A U A U$. For each word, your "profundity" will be the quantity of subwords we can obtain by the removal of some letters.
For each positive integer $n$, determine the largest "profundity" of word, in dog dictionary, can have with $n$ letters.
Note: The word $A A U U A$ has "profundity" 14 because your subwords are $A, U, A U, A A, U U, U A, A U U, U U A$

- Day 2

4 Prove that there are infinite triples $(a, b, c)$ of positive integers $a, b, c>1, \operatorname{gcd}(a, b)=\operatorname{gcd}(b, c)=$ $\operatorname{gcd}(c, a)=1$ such that $a+b+c$ divides $a^{b}+b^{c}+c^{a}$.
$5 \quad$ Let $A B C$ be a triangle with $A B<A C$ and circuncircle $\omega$. Let $M$ and $N$ be the midpoints of $A C$ and $A B$ respectively and $G$ is the centroid of $A B C$. Let $P$ be the foot of perpendicular of $A$ to the line $B C$, and the point $Q$ is the intersection of $G P$ and $\omega(Q, P, G$ are collinears in this order). The line $Q M$ cuts $\omega$ in $M_{1}$ and the line $Q N$ cuts $\omega$ in $N_{1}$. If $K$ is the intersection of $B M_{1}$ and $C N_{1}$ prove that $P, G$ and $K$ are collinears.

6 Let $\alpha>1$ be a real number such that the sequence $a_{n}=\alpha\left\lfloor\alpha^{n}\right\rfloor-\left\lfloor\alpha^{n+1}\right\rfloor$, with $n \geq 1$, is periodic, that is, there is a positive integer $p$ such that $a_{n+p}=a_{n}$ for all $n$. Prove that $\alpha$ is an integer.

