## AoPS Community

## Croatia Team Selection Test 2001

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c1074439
by parmenides51

1 Consider $A=\{1,2, \ldots, 16\}$. A partition of $A$ into nonempty sets $A_{1}, A_{2}, \ldots, A_{n}$ is said to be good if none of the Ai contains elements $a, b, c$ (not necessarily distinct) such that $a=b+c$.
(a) Find a good partition $\left\{A_{1}, A_{2}, A_{3}, A_{4}\right\}$ of $A$.
(b) Prove that no partition $\left\{A_{1}, A_{2}, A_{3}\right\}$ of $A$ is good
$2 \quad$ Circles $k_{1}$ and $k_{2}$ intersect at $P$ and $Q$, and $A$ and $B$ are the tangency points of their common tangent that is closer to $P$ (where $A$ is on $k_{1}$ and $B$ on $k_{2}$ ). The tangent to $k_{1}$ at $P$ intersects $k_{2}$ again at $C$. The lines $A P$ and $B C$ meet at $R$. Show that the lines $B P$ and $B C$ are tangent to the circumcircle of triangle $P Q R$.

3 Find all solutions of the equation $\left(a^{a}\right)^{5}=b^{b}$ in positive integers.

