

AoPS Community

2012 Germany Team Selection Test

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- VAIMO 1
- 1 Find the least integer k such that for any 2011×2011 table filled with integers Kain chooses, Abel be able to change at most k cells to achieve a new table in which 4022 sums of rows and columns are pairwise different.
- **2** Let Γ be the circumcircle of isosceles triangle *ABC* with vertex *C*. An arbitrary point *M* is chosen on the segment *BC* and point *N* lies on the ray *AM* with *M* between *A*, *N* such that AN = AC. The circumcircle of *CMN* cuts Γ in *P* other than *C* and *AB*, *CP* intersect at *Q*. Prove that $\angle BMQ = \angle QMN$.

3 Let a, b, c be positive real numbers with $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \ge 3$. Prove that:

$$\frac{(a+1)(b+2)}{(b+1)(b+5)} + \frac{(b+1)(c+2)}{(c+1)(c+5)} + \frac{(c+1)(a+2)}{(a+1)(a+5)} \ge \frac{3}{2}.$$

- VAIMO 2

1 Consider a polynomial $P(x) = \prod_{j=1}^{9} (x+d_j)$, where $d_1, d_2, \dots d_9$ are nine distinct integers. Prove that there exists an integer N, such that for all integers $x \ge N$ the number P(x) is divisible by a prime number greater than 20.

Proposed by Luxembourg

2 Let *ABC* be an acute triangle. Let ω be a circle whose centre *L* lies on the side *BC*. Suppose that ω is tangent to *AB* at *B'* and *AC* at *C'*. Suppose also that the circumcentre *O* of triangle *ABC* lies on the shorter arc *B'C'* of ω . Prove that the circumcircle of *ABC* and ω meet at two points.

Proposed by Hrmel Nestra, Estonia

3 Determine all pairs (f, g) of functions from the set of real numbers to itself that satisfy

$$g(f(x+y)) = f(x) + (2x+y)g(y)$$

for all real numbers x and y.

Proposed by Japan

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