AoPS Community

2018 Germany Team Selection Test

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- VAIMO 1
- A rectangle \mathcal{R} with odd integer side lengths is divided into small rectangles with integer side lengths. Prove that there is at least one among the small rectangles whose distances from the four sides of \mathcal{R} are either all odd or all even.

Proposed by Jeck Lim, Singapore

- A positive integer d and a permutation of positive integers a_1, a_2, a_3, \ldots is given such that for 2 all indices $i \ge 10^{100}$, $|a_{i+1} - a_i| \le 2d$ holds. Prove that there exists infinity many indices j such that $|a_i - j| < d$.
- In triangle ABC, let ω be the excircle opposite to A. Let D, E and F be the points where ω is 3 tangent to BC, CA, and AB, respectively. The circle AEF intersects line BC at P and Q. Let M be the midpoint of AD. Prove that the circle MPQ is tangent to ω .
- VAIMO 2
- 1 Let $a_1, a_2, \dots a_n, k$, and M be positive integers such that

$$\frac{1}{a_1} + \frac{1}{a_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{a_n} = k$$
 and $a_1 a_2 \dots a_n = M$.

If M > 1, prove that the polynomial

$$P(x) = M(x+1)^k - (x+a_1)(x+a_2)\cdots(x+a_n)$$

has no positive roots.

- 2 Let ABCDE be a convex pentagon such that AB = BC = CD, $\angle EAB = \angle BCD$, and $\angle EDC = \angle CBA$. Prove that the perpendicular line from E to BC and the line segments AC and BD are concurrent.
- 3 Determine all integers $n \geq 2$ having the following property: for any integers a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n whose sum is not divisible by n, there exists an index $1 \le i \le n$ such that none of the numbers

$$a_i, a_i + a_{i+1}, \dots, a_i + a_{i+1} + \dots + a_{i+n-1}$$

is divisible by n. Here, we let $a_i = a_{i-n}$ when i > n.

Proposed by Warut Suksompong, Thailand



