

### **AoPS Community**

# 2006 Thailand Mathematical Olympiad

Thailand Mathematical Olympiad 2006 - then it was named as 3rd POSN Mathematical Olympiad www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c1259184 by parmenides51	
-	Day 1
1	Let <i>O</i> be the circumcenter of a triangle $\triangle ABC$ . It is given that $\angle ABC = 70^{\circ}$ , $\angle ACB = 50^{\circ}$ . Let the angle bisector of $\angle BAC$ intersect the circumcircle of $\triangle ABC$ again at <i>D</i> . Compute $\angle ADO$ .
2	Triangle $\triangle ABC$ has side lengths $AB = 2$ , $CA = 3$ and $BC = 4$ . Compute the radius of the circle centered on BC that is tangent to both AB and AC.
3	The three medians of a triangle has lengths $3, 4, 5$ . What is the length of the shortest side of this triangle?
4	Let <i>P</i> be a point outside a circle centered at <i>O</i> . From <i>P</i> , tangent lines are drawn to the circle, touching the circle at points <i>A</i> and <i>B</i> . Ray $\overrightarrow{BO}$ is drawn intersecting the circle again at <i>C</i> and intersecting ray $\overrightarrow{PA}$ at <i>Q</i> . If $3QA = 2AP$ , what is the value of $\sin \angle CAQ$ ?
5	Let $f: Z_{\geq 0} \to Z_{\geq 0}$ satisfy the functional equation
	$f(m^{2} + n^{2}) = (f(m) - f(n))^{2} + f(2mn)$
	for all nonnegative integers $m, n$ . If $8f(0) + 9f(1) = 2006$ , compute $f(0)$ .
6	A function $f: R \rightarrow R$ has $f(1) < 0$ , and satisfy the functional equation
	$f(\cos(x+y)) = (\cos x)f(\cos y) + 2f(\sin x)f(\sin y)$
	for all reals $x, y$ . Compute $f\left(\frac{2006}{2549}\right)$
7	Let $x, y, z$ be reals summing to 1 which minimizes $2x^2 + 3y^2 + 4z^2$ . Find $x$ .
8	Let $a, b, c$ be the roots of the equation $x^3 - 9x^2 + 11x - 1 = 0$ , and define $s = \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} + \sqrt{c}$ . Compute $s^4 - 18s^2 - 8s$ .
9	Compute the largest integer not exceeding
	$\frac{2549^3}{2547} = \frac{2547^3}{2548}$
	$2547 \cdot 2548  2548 \cdot 2549$

**AoPS Community** 

#### 2006 Thailand Mathematical Olympiad

- **10** Find the remainder when  $26!^{26} + 27!^{27}$  is divided by 29.
- **11** Let  $p_n$  be the *n*-th prime number. Find the remainder when  $\prod_{n=1}^{2549} 2006^{p_{n-1}^2}$  is divided by 13
- **12** Let  $a_n = 2^{3n-1} + 3^{6n-2} + 5^{6n-3}$ . Compute  $gcd(a_1, a_2, ..., a_{25})$
- **13** Compute the remainder when 11...1 is divided by 2006 1862
- **14** Find the smallest positive integer n such that  $2549|n^{2545} 2$ .
- **15** How many positive integers n < 2549 are there such that  $x^2 + x n$  has an integer rooot?
- **16** Find the number of triples of sets (A, B, C) such that  $A \cup B \cup C = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 2549\}$
- 17 Six people, with distinct weights, want to form a triangular position where there are three people in the bottom row, two in the middle row, and one in the top row, and each person in the top two rows must weigh less than both of their supports. How many distinct formations are there?
- **18** In May, the traffic police wants to select 10 days to patrol, but no two consecutive days can be selected. How many ways are there for the traffic police to select patrol days?
- Day 2 (proof based)
- 1 Show that the product of three consecutive positive integers is never a perfect square.
- **2** From a point *P* outside a circle, two tangents are drawn touching the circle at points *A* and *C*. Let *B* be a point on segment *AC*, and let segment *PB* intersect the circle at point *Q*. The angle bisector of  $\angle AQC$  intersects segment *AC* at *R*. Show that

$$\frac{AB}{BC} = \left(\frac{AR}{RC}\right)^2$$

- **3** Let P(x), Q(x) and R(x) be polynomials satisfying the equation  $2xP(x^3) + Q(-x x^3) = (1 + x + x^2)R(x)$ . Show that x - 1 divides P(x) - Q(x).
- 4 In a classroom, 28 students are divided into 4 groups of 7, and in each group the students are labeled 1, 2, ..., 7 in some order. Show that no matter how the labels are assigned, there must be four students of the same gender who come from two groups and share the same two labels.

### **AoPS Community**

## 2006 Thailand Mathematical Olympiad

5 Show that there are coprime positive integers m and n such that  $2549|(25\cdot 49)^m + 25^n - 2\cdot 49^n$ 

**6** Let *a*, *b*, *c* be positive reals. Show that

$$1+\frac{3}{ab+bc+ca}\geq \frac{6}{a+b+c}$$

Act of Problem Solving is an ACS WASC Accredited School.