## AoPS Community

## Mediterranean Mathematics Olympiad 2020

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by parmenides51

1 Determine all integers $m \geq 2$ for which there exists an integer $n \geq 1$ with $\operatorname{gcd}(m, n)=d$ and $\operatorname{gcd}(m, 4 n+1)=1$.
Proposed by Gerhard Woeginger, Austria
2 Let $S$ be a set of $n \geq 2$ positive integers. Prove that there exist at least $n^{2}$ integers that can be written in the form $x+y z$ with $x, y, z \in S$.

Proposed by Gerhard Woeginger, Austria
3 Prove that all postive real numbers $a, b, c$ with $a+b+c=4$ satisfy the inequality

$$
\frac{a b}{\sqrt[4]{3 c^{2}+16}}+\frac{b c}{\sqrt[4]{3 a^{2}+16}}+\frac{c a}{\sqrt[4]{3 b^{2}+16}} \leq \frac{4}{3} \sqrt[4]{12}
$$

$4 \quad$ Let $P, Q, R$ be three points on a circle $k_{1}$ with $|P Q|=|P R|$ and $|P Q|>|Q R|$. Let $k_{2}$ be the circle with center in $P$ that goes through $Q$ and $R$. The circle with center $Q$ through $R$ intersects $k_{1}$ in another point $X \neq R$ and intersects $k_{2}$ in another point $Y \neq R$. The two points $X$ and $R$ lie on different sides of the line through $P Q$. Show that the three points $P, X, Y$ lie on a common line.

