

## **AoPS Community**

## Greece Team Selection Test 2020

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c1594871 by parmenides51, tastymath75025, naman12

1 Let  $R_+ = (0, +\infty)$ . Find all functions  $f : R_+ \to R_+$  such that

$$f(xf(y)) + f(yf(z)) + f(zf(x)) = xy + yz + zx, \text{ for all } x, y, z \in R_+.$$

by Athanasios Kontogeorgis (aka socrates)

- **2** Given a triangle *ABC* inscribed in circle c(O, R) (with center *O* and radius *R*) with AB < AC < BC and let *BD* be a diameter of the circle *c*. The perpendicular bisector of *BD* intersects line *AC* at point *M* and line *AB* at point *N*. Line *ND* intersects the circle *c* at point *T*. Let *S* be the second intersection point of cicumcircles  $c_1$  of triangle *OCM*, and  $c_2$  of triangle *OAD*. Prove that lines *AD*, *CT* and *OS* pass through the same point.
- **3** The infinite sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \ldots$  of (not necessarily distinct) integers has the following properties:  $0 \le a_i \le i$  for all integers  $i \ge 0$ , and

$$\binom{k}{a_0} + \binom{k}{a_1} + \dots + \binom{k}{a_k} = 2^k$$

for all integers  $k \ge 0$ . Prove that all integers  $N \ge 0$  occur in the sequence (that is, for all  $N \ge 0$ , there exists  $i \ge 0$  with  $a_i = N$ ).

4 Let *a* and *b* be two positive integers. Prove that the integer

$$a^2 + \left\lceil \frac{4a^2}{b} \right\rceil$$

is not a square. (Here  $\lceil z \rceil$  denotes the least integer greater than or equal to z.)

Russia

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