

AoPS Community

Uzbekistan National Olympiad 2016

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c1675676 by shohvanilu

- 1 ω is circumcircle of triangle ABC and BB_1, CC_1 are bisectors of ABC. *I* is center incirle. B_1C_1 and ω intersects at *M* and *N*. Find the ratio of circumradius of ABC to circumradius *MIN*.
- 2 *n* is natural number and *p* is prime number. If 1 + np is square of natural number then prove that n + 1 is equal to some sum of *p* square of natural numbers.
- **3** In triangle *ABC* ω is incircle and $\omega_1, \omega_2, \omega_3$ is tangents to ω and two sides of *ABC*. r, r_1, r_2, r_3 is radius of $\omega, \omega_1, \omega_2, \omega_3$. Prove that $\sqrt{r_1r_2} + \sqrt{r_2r_3} + \sqrt{r_3r_1} = r$
- 4 a, b, c, x, y, z are positive real numbers and bz + cy = a, az + cx = b, ay + bx = c. Find the least value of following function $f(x, y, z) = \frac{x^2}{1+x} + \frac{y^2}{1+y} + \frac{z^2}{1+z}$
- **5** Solve following system equations:

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y = 26\\ \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 2y + 5} + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 - 20x - 10y + 125} = 10 \end{cases}$$

