## AoPS Community

## Round 4

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- Day 1

Problem 1 Find all real parameters $q$ for which there is a $p \in[0,1]$ such that the equation

$$
x^{4}+2 p x^{3}+\left(2 p^{2}-p\right) x^{2}+(p-1) p^{2} x+q=0
$$

has four real roots.
Problem 2 Let $n$ and $k$ be natural numbers and $p$ a prime number. Prove that if $k$ is the exact exponent of $p$ in $2^{2^{n}}+1$ (i.e. $p^{k}$ divides $2^{2^{n}}+1$, but $p^{k+1}$ does not), then $k$ is also the exact exponent of $p$ in $2^{p-1}-1$.

Problem 3 Let $M$ be an arbitrary interior point of a tetrahedron $A B C D$, and let $S_{A}, S_{B}, S_{C}, S_{D}$ be the areas of the faces $B C D, A C D, A B D, A B C$, respectively. Prove that

$$
S_{A} \cdot M A+S_{B} \cdot M B+S_{C} \cdot M C+S_{D} \cdot M D \geq 9 V,
$$

where $V$ is the volume of $A B C D$. When does equality hold?

## - Day 2

Problem 4 Let $A, B, C$ be non-collinear points. For each point $D$ of the ray $A C$, we denote by $E$ and $F$ the points of tangency of the incircle of $\triangle A B D$ with $A B$ and $A D$, respectively. Prove that, as point $D$ moves along the ray $A C$, the line $E F$ passes through a fixed point.

Problem 5 The points of space are painted in two colors. Prove that there is a tetrahedron such that all its vertices and its centroid are of the same color.

Problem 6 Find all polynomials $p(x)$ satisfying $p\left(x^{3}+1\right)=p(x+1)^{3}$ for all $x$.

