

Round 4
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by jasperE3

– Day 1

Problem 1 Solve the equation $5^x 7^y + 4 = 3^z$ in nonnegative integers.

Problem 2 The diagonals of a trapezoid $ABCD$ with bases AB and CD intersect in a point O , and $AB/CD = k > 1$. The bisectors of the angles AOB, BOC, COD, DOA intersect AB, BC, CD, DA respectively at K, L, M, N . The lines KL and MN meet at P , and the lines KN and LM meet at Q . If the areas of $ABCD$ and OPQ are equal, find the value of k .

Problem 3 Points P_1, P_2, \dots, P_n, Q are given in space ($n \geq 4$), no four of which are in a plane. Prove that if for any three distinct points $P_\alpha, P_\beta, P_\gamma$ there is a point P_δ such that the tetrahedron $P_\alpha P_\beta P_\gamma P_\delta$ contains the point Q , then n is an even number.

– Day 2

Problem 4 Let $a, b, a_2, \dots, a_{n-2}$ be real numbers with $ab \neq 0$ such that all the roots of the equation

$$ax^n - ax^{n-1} + a_2x^{n-2} + \dots + a_{n-2}x^2 - n^2bx + b = 0$$

are positive and real. Prove that these roots are all equal.

Problem 5 Let $0 < x_i < 1$ and $x_i + y_i = 1$ for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$. Prove that

$$(1 - x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n)^m + (1 - y_1^m)(1 - y_2^m) \cdots (1 - y_n^m) > 1$$

 for any natural numbers m and n .

Problem 6 Let there be given a pyramid $SABCD$ whose base $ABCD$ is a parallelogram. Let N be the midpoint of BC . A plane λ intersects the lines SC, SA, AB at points P, Q, R respectively such that $\overline{CP}/\overline{CS} = \overline{SQ}/\overline{SA} = \overline{AR}/\overline{AB}$. A point M on the line SD is such that the line MN is parallel to λ . Show that the locus of points M , when λ takes all possible positions, is a segment of the length $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}SD$.