## AoPS Community

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by HamstPan38825

Problem 1 Given two vectors $\vec{a}, \vec{b}$, find the range of possible values of $\|\vec{a}-2 \vec{b}\|$ where $\|\vec{v}\|$ denotes the magnitude of a vector $\vec{v}$.
(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 1)
Problem 2 Compute the value of

$$
\sin ^{2} 20^{\circ}+\cos ^{2} 50^{\circ}+\sin 20^{\circ} \cos 50^{\circ}
$$

(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 2)
Problem 3 There exists complex numbers $z=x+y i$ such that the point $(x, y)$ lies on the ellipse with equation $\frac{x^{2}}{9}+\frac{y^{2}}{16}=1$. If $\frac{z-1-i}{z-i}$ is real, compute $z$.
(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 3)
Problem 4 When the expression

$$
(x y-5 x+3 y-15)^{n}
$$

for some positive integer $n$ is expanded and like terms are combined, the expansion contains at least 2021 distinct terms. Compute the minimum possible value of $n$.
(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 4)
Problem 5 Define the regions $M, N$ in the Cartesian Plane as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
M & =\left\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid 0 \leq y \leq \min (2 x, 3-x)\right\} \\
N & =\left\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid t \leq x \leq t+2\right\}
\end{aligned}
$$

for some real number $t$. Denote the common area of $M$ and $N$ for some $t$ be $f(t)$. Compute the algebraic form of the function $f(t)$ for $0 \leq t \leq 1$.
(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 5)
Problem 6 A sequence $\left\{a_{n}\right\}$ satisfies

$$
a_{0}=0, a_{1}=a_{2}=1, a_{3 n}=a_{n}, a_{3 n+1}=a_{3 n+2}=a_{n}+1
$$

for all $n \geq 1$. Compute $a_{2021}$.
(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 6)

Problem 7 For two sets $A, B$, define the operation

$$
A \otimes B=\{x \mid x=a b+a+b, a \in A, b \in B\}
$$

Set $A=\{0,2,4, \cdots, 18\}$ and $B=\{98,99,100\}$. Compute the sum of all the elements in $A \otimes B$. (Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 7)

Problem $8 \ln \triangle A B C, \angle B=\angle C=30^{\circ}$ and $B C=2 \sqrt{3}$. $P, Q$ lie on segments $\overline{A B}, \overline{A C}$ such that $A P=1$ and $A Q=\sqrt{2}$. Let $D$ be the foot of the altitude from $A$ to $B C$. We fold $\triangle A B C$ along line $A D$ in three dimensions such that the dihedral angle between planes $A D B$ and $A D C$ equals 60 degrees. Under this transformation, compute the length $P Q$.
(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 8)
Problem 9 Let $\triangle A B C$ have its vertices at $A(0,0), B(7,0), C(3,4)$ in the Cartesian plane. Construct a line through the point $(6-2 \sqrt{2}, 3-\sqrt{2})$ that intersects segments $A C, B C$ at $P, Q$ respectively. If $[P Q C]=\frac{14}{3}$, what is $|C P|+|C Q|$ ?
(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 9)
Problem 10 Define the sequence $a_{n}$ by the rule

$$
a_{n+1}=\left\lfloor\frac{a_{n}}{2}\right\rfloor+\left\lfloor\frac{a_{n}}{3}\right\rfloor
$$

for $n \in\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7\}$, where $\lfloor x\rfloor$ denotes the greatest integer not greater than $x$. If $a_{8}=8$, how many possible values are there for $a_{1}$ given that it is a positive integer?
(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 10)
Problem 11 The function $f(x)=x^{2}+a x+b$ has two distinct zeros. If $f\left(x^{2}+2 x-1\right)=0$ has four distinct zeros $x_{1}<x_{2}<x_{3}<x_{4}$ that form an arithmetic sequence, compute the range of $a-b$.
(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 11)
Problem 12 Let $C$ be the left vertex of the ellipse $\frac{x^{2}}{8}+\frac{y^{2}}{4}=1$ in the Cartesian Plane. For some real number $k$, the line $y=k x+1$ meets the ellipse at two distinct points $A, B$.
(i) Compute the maximum of $|C A|+|C B|$.
(ii) Let the line $y=k x+1$ meet the $x$ and $y$ axes at $M$ and $N$, respectively. If the intersection of the perpendicular bisector of $M N$ and the circle with diameter $M N$ lies inside the given ellipse, compute the range of possible values of $k$.
(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 12)

Problem 13 Let $n$ be a given positive integer. The sequence of real numbers $a_{1}, a_{2}, a_{3}, \cdots, a_{n}$ satisfy for each $m \leq n$,

$$
\left|\sum_{k=1}^{m} \frac{a_{k}}{k}\right| \leq 1
$$

Given this information, find the greatest possible value of $\left|\sum_{k=1}^{n} a_{k}\right|$.
(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 13)
Problem 14 Define the set $P=\left\{a_{1}, a_{2}, a_{3}, \cdots, a_{n}\right\}$ and its arithmetic mean

$$
C_{p}=\frac{a_{1}+a_{2}+\cdots+a_{m}}{m} .
$$

If we divide $S=\{1,2,3, \cdots, n\}$ into two disjoint subsets $A, B$, compute the greatest possible value of $\left|C_{A}-C_{B}\right|$. For how many $(A, B)$ is equality attained?
(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 14)
Problem 15 Positive real numbers $x, y, z$ satisfy $\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}+\sqrt{z}=1$. Prove that

$$
\frac{x^{4}+y^{2} z^{2}}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}(y+z)}+\frac{y^{4}+z^{2} x^{2}}{y^{\frac{5}{2}}(z+x)}+\frac{z^{4}+y^{2} x^{2}}{z^{\frac{5}{2}}(y+x)} \geq 1 .
$$

(Source: China National High School Mathematics League 2021, Zhejiang Province, Problem 15)

