Art of Problem Solving

## AoPS Community

## Belarusian National Olympiad 2010

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- Day 1
- Let $M$ be the point of intersection of the diagonals $A C$ and $B D$ of trapezoid $A B C D(B C \| A D)$, $A D>B C$. Circle $w_{1}$ passes through the point $M$ and tangents $A D$ at the point $A$. Circle $w_{2}$ passes through the point $M$ and tangents $A D$ at the point $D$. Point $S$ is the point of intersection of lines $A B$ and $D C$. Line $A S$ intersects $w_{1}$ at the point $X$. Line $D S$ intersects $w_{2}$ at the point $Y . O$ is a center of a circumcircle of $\triangle A S D$. Prove that $S O \perp X Y$
- Let $r$ be a fixed positive real number. It is known that for some positive integer $n$ the following statement is true: for any positive real numbers $a_{1}, \ldots, a_{n}$ satisfying the equation $a_{1}+\ldots+a_{n}=$ $r\left(\frac{1}{a_{1}}+\ldots+\frac{1}{a_{n}}\right)$ they also satisfy the equation $\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}-a_{1}}+\ldots+\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}-a_{n}}=\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}\left(a_{i} \neq \sqrt{r}\right)$. Find $n$.
- $\quad$ Nick and Mike are playing the following game. They have a heap and 330 stones in it. They take turns. In one turn it is allowed to take from the heap exactly 1 , exactly $n$ or exactly $m$ stones. The boy who takes the last stone wins. Before the beginning Nick says the number $n$, ( $1<n<10$ ). After that Mike says the number $m$, $m \neq n, 1<m<10$ ). Nick goes first. Is it possible for one of the boys to say the number to provide the victory to himself, regardless of his opponents number and strategy?
- $\quad$ There are 15 points on the plane, coloured blue, red and green. It is known that the sum of all pairwise distances between red and blue points equals 51 , between red and green points equals 39 , between blue and green points equals 1 . What are the possible amounts of red, blue and green points?
- Day 2
- Let $\sigma(n)$ denote the sum and $\tau(n)$ denote the amount of natural divisors of number $n$ (including 1 and $n$ ). Find the greatest real number $a$ such that for all $n>1$ the following inequality is true:

$$
\frac{\sigma(n)}{\tau(n)} \geq a \sqrt{n}
$$

- $\quad$ Let $O_{1}$ and $O_{2}$ be the centers of circles $w_{1}, w_{2}$ respectively. Circle $w_{1}$ intersects circle $w_{2}$ at points $C$ and $D$. Line $O_{1} O_{2}$ intersects circle $w_{2}$ at the point $A$. Line $D A$ intersects circle $w_{1}$ at the point $S$. Line $O_{1} O_{2}$ intersects line $S C$ at the point $F$. $E$ is an intersection point of circle $w_{1}$ and circumcircle $w_{3}$ of $\triangle A D F$. Prove that line $O_{1} E$ tangents circle $w_{3}$
- $\quad$ Natural number $m \geq 2$ is given. There are $n, n \geq 3$ non-collinear points, pairwise connected by segments. Every segment is coloured one of the $m$ given colours (there are segments of each colour) so that the following condition is true : if in a triangle two sides coloured the same colour, then the third side is also coloured this colour. What is the maximum value of $n$ with the given $m$ ?
- $\quad$ Function $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ satisfies the following equation for all real $x$ :

$$
f(f(x))=x^{2} f(x)-x+1
$$

. Find $f(1)$

