## AoPS Community

## Turkey Team Selection Test 2016

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## Day 1 April 2nd

1 In an acute triangle $A B C$, a point $P$ is taken on the $A$-altitude. Lines $B P$ and $C P$ intersect the sides $A C$ and $A B$ at points $D$ and $E$, respectively. Tangents drawn from points $D$ and $E$ to the circumcircle of triangle $B P C$ are tangent to it at points $K$ and $L$, respectively, which are in the interior of triangle $A B C$. Line $K D$ intersects the circumcircle of triangle $A K C$ at point $M$ for the second time, and line $L E$ intersects the circumcircle of triangle $A L B$ at point $N$ for the second time. Prove that

$$
\frac{K D}{M D}=\frac{L E}{N E} \Longleftrightarrow \text { Point } \mathrm{P} \text { is the orthocenter of triangle } \mathrm{ABC}
$$

2 In a class with 23 students, each pair of students have watched a movie together. Let the set of movies watched by a student be his movie collection. If every student has watched every movie at most once, at least how many different movie collections can these students have?

3 Let $a, b, c$ be non-negative real numbers such that $a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2} \leq 3$ then prove that;

$$
(a+b+c)(a+b+c-a b c) \geq 2\left(a^{2} b+b^{2} c+c^{2} a\right)
$$

Day 2 April 3rd
4 A sequence of real numbers $a_{0}, a_{1}, \ldots$ satisfies the condition

$$
\sum_{n=0}^{m} a_{n} \cdot(-1)^{n} \cdot\binom{m}{n}=0
$$

for all large enough positive integers $m$. Prove that there exists a polynomial $P$ such that $a_{n}=$ $P(n)$ for all $n \geq 0$.
$5 \quad$ Find all functions $f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ such that for all $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$ holds $f(m n)=f(m) f(n)$ and $m+n \mid$ $f(m)+f(n)$.

6 In a triangle $A B C$ with $A B=A C$, let $D$ be the midpoint of [ $B C]$. A line passing through $D$ intersects $A B$ at $K, A C$ at $L$. A point $E$ on $[B C]$ different from $D$, and a point $P$ on $A E$ is taken
such that $\angle K P L=90^{\circ}-\frac{1}{2} \angle K A L$ and $E$ lies between $A$ and $P$. The circumcircle of triangle $P D E$ intersects $P K$ at point $X, P L$ at point $Y$ for the second time. Lines $D X$ and $A B$ intersect at $M$, and lines $D Y$ and $A C$ intersect at $N$. Prove that the points $P, M, A, N$ are concyclic.

## Day 3 April 4th

$7 A_{1}, A_{2}, \ldots A_{k}$ are different subsets of the set $\{1,2, \ldots, 2016\}$. If $A_{i} \cap A_{j}$ forms an arithmetic sequence for all $1 \leq i<j \leq k$, what is the maximum value of $k$ ?

8 All angles of the convex $n$-gon $A_{1} A_{2} \ldots A_{n}$ are obtuse, where $n \geq 5$. For all $1 \leq i \leq n, O_{i}$ is the circumcenter of triangle $A_{i-1} A_{i} A_{i+1}$ (where $A_{0}=A_{n}$ and $A_{n+1}=A_{1}$ ). Prove that the closed path $O_{1} O_{2} \ldots O_{n}$ doesn't form a convex $n$-gon.
$9 \quad p$ is a prime. Let $K_{p}$ be the set of all polynomials with coefficients from the set $\{0,1, \ldots, p-1\}$ and degree less than $p$. Assume that for all pairs of polynomials $P, Q \in K_{p}$ such that $P(Q(n)) \equiv$ $n(\bmod p)$ for all integers $n$, the degrees of $P$ and $Q$ are equal. Determine all primes $p$ with this condition.

