

**VI Iberoamerican Interuniversity Mathematics Competition - Costa Rica**
[www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c305024](http://www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c305024)

by Ozc

**Problem 1** Let  $g : [2013, 2014] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  a function that satisfy the following two conditions:

i)  $g(2013) = g(2014) = 0$ ,

ii) for any  $a, b \in [2013, 2014]$  it hold that  $g\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right) \leq g(a) + g(b)$ .

Prove that  $g$  has zeros in any open subinterval  $(c, d) \subset [2013, 2014]$ .

**Problem 2** Let  $n$  be an integer and  $p$  a prime greater than 2. Show that:

$$(p-1)^n n! (p^n - 1)(p^n - p)(p^n - p^2) \cdots (p^n - p^{n-1}).$$

**Problem 3** Given  $n \geq 2$ , let  $\mathcal{A}$  be a family of subsets of the set  $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$  such that, for any  $A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4 \in \mathcal{A}$ , it holds that  $|A_1 \cup A_2 \cup A_3 \cup A_4| \leq n - 2$ .

Prove that  $|\mathcal{A}| \leq 2^{n-2}$ .

**Problem 4** Let  $\{a_i\}$  be a strictly increasing sequence of positive integers. Define the sequence  $\{s_k\}$  as

$$s_k = \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{1}{[a_i, a_{i+1}]},$$

where  $[a_i, a_{i+1}]$  is the least common multiple of  $a_i$  and  $a_{i+1}$ .

Show that the sequence  $\{s_k\}$  is convergent.

**Problem 5** A analytic function  $f : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  is call interesting if  $f(z)$  is real along the parabola  $Re(z) = (Im(z))^2$ .

a) Find an example of a non constant interesting function.

b) Show that every interesting function  $f$  satisfy that  $f'(-3/4) = 0$ .

**Problem 6** a) Let  $\{x_n\}$  be a sequence with  $x_n \in [0, 1]$  for any  $n$ . Prove that there exists  $C > 0$  such that for every positive integer  $r$ , there exists  $m \geq 1$  and  $n > m+r$  that satisfy  $(n-m)|x_n - x_m| \leq C$ .

b) Prove that for every  $C > 0$ , there exists a sequence  $\{x_n\}$  with  $x_n \in [0, 1]$  for all  $n$  and an integer  $r$  such that, if  $m \geq 1$  and  $n > m+r$ , then  $(n-m)|x_n - x_m| > C$ .