

VII Iberoamerican Interuniversity Mathematics Competition - Mexico
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by Ozc

Problem 1 Find the real number a such that the integral

$$\int_a^{a+8} e^{-x} e^{-x^2} dx$$

attain its maximum.

Problem 2 Find all polynomials $P(x)$ with real coefficients that satisfy the identity

$$P(x^3 - 2) = P(x)^3 - 2,$$

 for every real number x .

Problem 3 Consider the matrices

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

 Let $k \geq 1$ an integer. Prove that for any nonzero $i_1, i_2, \dots, i_{k-1}, j_1, j_2, \dots, j_k$ and any integers i_0, i_k it holds that

$$A^{i_0} B^{j_1} A^{i_1} B^{j_2} \dots A^{i_{k-1}} B^{j_k} A^{i_k} \neq I.$$

Problem 4 Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ a continuous function and α a real number such that

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \alpha.$$

 Prove that for any $r > 0$, there exists $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $y - x = r$ and $f(x) = f(y)$.

Problem 5 There are n people seated on a circular table that have seats numerated from 1 to n clockwise. Let k be a fix integer with $2 \leq k \leq n$. The people can change their seats. There are two types of moves permitted:

1. Each person moves to the next seat clockwise.
2. Only the ones in seats 1 and k exchange their seats.

 Determine, in function of n and k , the number of possible configurations of people in the table that can be attain by using a sequence of permitted moves.

Problem 6 Show that there exists a real $C > 1$ that satisfy the following property: if $n > 1$ and $a_0 < a_1 < \dots < a_n$ are positive integers such that $\frac{1}{a_0}, \frac{1}{a_1}, \dots, \frac{1}{a_n}$ are in arithmetic progression, then $a_0 > C^n$.