

AoPS Community

2002 Austria Beginners' Competition

Austria Beginners' Competition 2002

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c3164187 by parmenides51

- 1 We calculate the sum of 7 natural consecutive pairs (e.g. 2 + 4 + 6 + 8 + 10 + 12 + 14) and we will call the result *A*, then the sum of the next 7 consecutive pairs (in the example, 16 + 18 + ...) and its result we will call *B*, and finally we calculate the sum of the following 7 consecutive pairs and its result we will call *C*. Can the product *ABC* be 2002^3 ?
- **2** Prove that there are no $x \in \mathbb{R}^+$ such that

$$x^{\lfloor x \rfloor} = \frac{9}{2}.$$

- **3** Find all real numbers x that satisfy the following inequality $|x^2 4x + 1| > |x^2 4x + 5|$
- 4 In a trapezoid ABCD with base AB let E be the midpoint of side AD. Suppose further that 2CD = EC = BC = b. Let $\angle ECB = 120^{\circ}$. Construct the trapezoid and determine its area based on b.

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