## AoPS Community

## Greece Team Selection Test 2022

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1 Find all positive integers $n \geq 1$ such that there exists a pair $(a, b)$ of positive integers, such that $a^{2}+b+3$ is not divisible by the cube of any prime, and

$$
n=\frac{a b+3 b+8}{a^{2}+b+3} .
$$

2 Consider triangle $A B C$ with $A B<A C<B C$, inscribed in triangle $\Gamma_{1}$ and the circles $\Gamma_{2}(B, A C)$ and $\Gamma_{2}(C, A B)$. A common point of circle $\Gamma_{2}$ and $\Gamma_{3}$ is point $E$, a common point of circle $\Gamma_{1}$ and $\Gamma_{3}$ is point $F$ and a common point of circle $\Gamma_{1}$ and $\Gamma_{2}$ is point $G$, where the points $E, F, G$ lie on the same semiplane defined by line $B C$, that point $A$ doesn't lie in. Prove that circumcenter of triangle $E F G$ lies on circle $\Gamma_{1}$.

Note: By notation $\Gamma(K, R)$, we mean random circle $\Gamma$ has center $K$ and radius $R$.
3 Find largest possible constant $M$ such that, for any sequence $a_{n}, n=0,1,2, \ldots$ of real numbers, that satisfies the conditions:
i) $a_{0}=1, a_{1}=3$
ii) $a_{0}+a_{1}+\ldots+a_{n-1} \geq 3 a_{n}-a_{n+1}$ for any integer $n \geq 1$
to be true that

$$
\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_{n}}>M
$$

for any integer $n \geq 0$.
4 In an exotic country, the National Bank issues coins that can take any value in the interval $[0,1]$. Find the smallest constant $c>0$ such that the following holds, no matter the situation in that country:
[i]Any citizen of the exotic country that has a finite number of coins, with a total value of no more than 1000 , can split those coins into 100 boxes, such that the total value inside each box is at most $c$. [/i]

