

**Final Round - Switzerland 2008**

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## – Day 1

**1** Let  $ABC$  be a triangle with  $\angle BAC \neq 45^\circ$  and  $\angle ABC \neq 135^\circ$ . Let  $P$  be the point on the line  $AB$  with  $\angle CPB = 45^\circ$ . Let  $O_1$  and  $O_2$  be the centers of the circumcircles of the triangles  $ACP$  and  $BCP$  respectively. Show that the area of the square  $CO_1PO_2$  is equal to the area of the triangle  $ABC$ .

**2** Determine all functions  $f : \mathbb{R}^+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$ , so that for all  $x, y > 0$ :

$$f(xy) \leq \frac{xf(y) + yf(x)}{2}$$

**3** Show that each number is of the form

$$2^{5^{2^{5^{\dots}}}} + 4^{5^{4^{5^{\dots}}}}$$

is divisible by 2008, where the exponential towers can be any independent ones have height  $\geq 3$ .

**4** Consider three sides of an  $n \times n \times n$  cube that meet at one of the corners of the cube. For which  $n$  is it possible to use this completely and without overlapping to cover strips of paper of size  $3 \times 1$ ? The paper strips can also do this glued over the edges between these cube faces.

**5** Let  $ABCD$  be a square with side length 1. Find the locus of all points  $P$  with the property  $AP \cdot CP + BP \cdot DP = 1$ .

## – Day 2

**6** Determine all odd natural numbers of the form

$$\frac{p+q}{p-q},$$

where  $p > q$  are prime numbers.

**7** An  $8 \times 11$  rectangle of unit squares somehow becomes disassembled into 21 contiguous parts. Prove that at least two of these parts, except for rotations and reflections have the same shape.

- 8 Let  $ABCDEF$  be a convex hexagon inscribed in a circle. Prove that the diagonals  $AD$ ,  $BE$  and  $CF$  intersect at one point if and only if

$$\frac{AB}{BC} \cdot \frac{CD}{DE} \cdot \frac{EF}{FA} = 1$$

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- 9 There are 7 lines in the plane. A point is called a *good* point if it is contained on at least three of these seven lines. What is the maximum number of *good* points?
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- 10 Find all pairs  $(a, b)$  of positive real numbers with the following properties:  
(i) For all positive real numbers  $x, y, z, w$  holds  $x + y^2 + z^3 + w^6 \geq a(xyzw)^b$ .  
(ii) There is a quadruple  $(x, y, z, w)$  of positive real numbers such that in equality (i) applies.
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