

**Argentina National Olympiad 2010**

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– Level 3

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– Day 1

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**1** Given several integers, the allowed operation is to replace two of them by their non-negative difference. The operation is repeated until only one number remains. If the initial numbers are  $1, 2, \dots, 2010$ , what can be the last remaining number?

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**2** Let  $ABC$  be a triangle with  $\angle C = 90^\circ$  and  $AC = 1$ . The median  $AM$  intersects the incircle at the points  $P$  and  $Q$ , with  $P$  between  $A$  and  $Q$ , such that  $AP = QM$ . Find the length of  $PQ$ .

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**3** The positive integers  $a, b, c$  are less than 99 and satisfy  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2 + 99^2$ . Find the minimum and maximum value of  $a + b + c$ .

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– Day 2

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**4** Find the sum of all products  $a_1 a_2 \dots a_{50}$ , where  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{50}$  are distinct positive integers, less than or equal to 101, and such that no two of them add up to 101.

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**5** 21 numbers are written in a row.  $u, v, w$  are three consecutive numbers so  $v = \frac{2uw}{u+w}$ . The first number is  $\frac{1}{100}$ , the last one is  $\frac{1}{101}$ . Find the 15th number.

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**6** In a row the numbers  $1, 2, \dots, 2010$  have been written. Two players, taking turns, write  $+$  or  $\times$  between two consecutive numbers whenever possible. The first player wins if the algebraic sum obtained is divisible by 3; otherwise, the second player wins. Find a winning strategy for one of the players.

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