## AoPS Community

## Hungary-Israel Binational 1991

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by M4RIO, April

1 Suppose $f(x)$ is a polynomial with integer coefficients such that $f(0)=11$ and $f\left(x_{1}\right)=$ $f\left(x_{2}\right)=\ldots=f\left(x_{n}\right)=2002$ for some distinct integers $x_{1}, x_{2}, \ldots, x_{n}$. Find the largest possible value of $n$.

2 The vertices of a square sheet of paper are $A, B, C, D$. The sheet is folded in a way that the point $D$ is mapped to the point $D^{\prime}$ on the side $B C$. Let $A^{\prime}$ be the image of $A$ after the folding, and let $E$ be the intersection point of $A B$ and $A^{\prime} D^{\prime}$. Let $r$ be the inradius of the triangle $E B D^{\prime}$. Prove that $r=A^{\prime} E$.

3 Let $\mathcal{H}_{n}$ be the set of all numbers of the form $2 \pm \sqrt{2 \pm \sqrt{2 \pm \ldots \pm \sqrt{2}}}$ where "root signs" appear $n$ times.
(a) Prove that all the elements of $\mathcal{H}_{n}$ are real.
(b) Computer the product of the elements of $\mathcal{H}_{n}$.
(c) The elements of $\mathcal{H}_{11}$ are arranged in a row, and are sorted by size in an ascending order. Find the position in that row, of the elements of $\mathcal{H}_{11}$ that corresponds to the following combination of $\pm$ signs:

$$
+++++-++-+-
$$

4 Find all the real values of $\lambda$ for which the system of equations $x+y+z+v=0$ and $(x y+y z+z v)+$ $\lambda(x z+x v+y v)=0$, has a unique real solution.

