Art of Problem Solving

## AoPS Community

## Final Round - Korea 2011

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c3546
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## Day 1

1 Prove that there is no positive integers $x, y, z$ satisfying

$$
x^{2} y^{4}-x^{4} y^{2}+4 x^{2} y^{2} z^{2}+x^{2} z^{4}-y^{2} z^{4}=0
$$

$2 A B C$ is an acute triangle. $P$ (different from $B, C$ ) is a point on side $B C . H$ is an orthocenter, and $D$ is a foot of perpendicular from $H$ to $A P$.
The circumcircle of the triangle $A B D$ and $A C D$ is $O_{1}$ and $O_{2}$, respectively.
A line $l$ parallel to $B C$ passes $D$ and meet $O_{1}$ and $O_{2}$ again at $X$ and $Y$, respectively. $l$ meets $A B$ at $E$, and $A C$ at $F$. Two lines $X B$ and $Y C$ intersect at $Z$.
Prove that $Z E=Z F$ is a necessary and sufficient condition for $B P=C P$.
3 There are $n$ boys $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{n}$ and $n$ girls $b_{1}, b_{2}, \ldots, b_{n}$. Some pairs of them are connected. Any two boys or two girls are not connected, and $a_{i}$ and $b_{i}$ are not connected for all $i \in\{1,2, \ldots, n\}$. Now all boys and girls are divided into several groups satisfying two conditions:
(i) Every groups contains an equal number of boys and girls.
(ii) There is no connected pair in the same group.

Assume that the number of connected pairs is $m$. Show that we can make the number of groups not larger than $\max \left\{2, \frac{2 m}{n}+1\right\}$.

## Day 2

1 Find the maximal value of the following expression, if $a, b, c$ are nonnegative and $a+b+c=1$.

$$
\frac{1}{a^{2}-4 a+9}+\frac{1}{b^{2}-4 b+9}+\frac{1}{c^{2}-4 c+9}
$$

$2 A B C$ is a triangle such that $A C<A B<B C$ and $D$ is a point on side $A B$ satisfying $A C=A D$. The circumcircle of $A B C$ meets with the bisector of angle $A$ again at $E$ and meets with $C D$ again at $F$. $K$ is an intersection point of $B C$ and $D E$. Prove that $C K=A C$ is a necessary and sufficient condition for $D K \cdot E F=A C \cdot D F$.

3 There is a chessboard with $m$ columns and $n$ rows. In each blanks, an integer is given. If a rectangle $R$ (in this chessboard) has an integer $h$ satisfying the following two conditions, we
call $R$ as a 'shelf'.
(i) All integers contained in $R$ are bigger than $h$.
(ii) All integers in blanks, which are not contained in $R$ but meet with $R$ at a vertex or a side, are not bigger than $h$.
Assume that all integers are given to make shelves as much as possible. Find the number of shelves.

