

**Middle European Mathematical Olympiad 2007**

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**Day 1**

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- 1** Let  $a, b, c, d$  be positive real numbers with  $a + b + c + d = 4$ .  
Prove that

$$a^2bc + b^2cd + c^2da + d^2ab \leq 4.$$

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- 2** A set of balls contains  $n$  balls which are labeled with numbers  $1, 2, 3, \dots, n$ . We are given  $k > 1$  such sets. We want to colour the balls with two colours, black and white in such a way, that

(a) the balls labeled with the same number are of the same colour,

(b) any subset of  $k + 1$  balls with (not necessarily different) labels  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{k+1}$  satisfying the condition  $a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_k = a_{k+1}$ , contains at least one ball of each colour.

Find, depending on  $k$  the greatest possible number  $n$  which admits such a colouring.

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- 3** Let  $k$  be a circle and  $k_1, k_2, k_3, k_4$  four smaller circles with their centres  $O_1, O_2, O_3, O_4$  respectively, on  $k$ . For  $i = 1, 2, 3, 4$  and  $k_5 = k_1$  the circles  $k_i$  and  $k_{i+1}$  meet at  $A_i$  and  $B_i$  such that  $A_i$  lies on  $k$ . The points  $O_1, A_1, O_2, A_2, O_3, A_3, O_4, A_4$  lie in that order on  $k$  and are pairwise different.

Prove that  $B_1B_2B_3B_4$  is a rectangle.

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- 4** Determine all pairs  $(x, y)$  of positive integers satisfying the equation

$$x! + y! = x^y.$$

**Day 2**

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- 1** Let  $a, b, c, d$  be real numbers which satisfy  $\frac{1}{2} \leq a, b, c, d \leq 2$  and  $abcd = 1$ . Find the maximum value of

$$\left(a + \frac{1}{b}\right) \left(b + \frac{1}{c}\right) \left(c + \frac{1}{d}\right) \left(d + \frac{1}{a}\right).$$

- 2 For a set  $P$  of five points in the plane, no three of them being collinear, let  $s(P)$  be the numbers of acute triangles formed by vertices in  $P$ .  
Find the maximum value of  $s(P)$  over all such sets  $P$ .
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- 3 A tetrahedron is called a *MEMO-tetrahedron* if all six sidelengths are different positive integers where one of them is 2 and one of them is 3. Let  $l(T)$  be the sum of the sidelengths of the tetrahedron  $T$ .  
(a) Find all positive integers  $n$  so that there exists a MEMO-Tetrahedron  $T$  with  $l(T) = n$ .  
(b) How many pairwise non-congruent MEMO-tetrahedrons  $T$  satisfying  $l(T) = 2007$  exist?  
Two tetrahedrons are said to be non-congruent if one cannot be obtained from the other by a composition of reflections in planes, translations and rotations. (It is not necessary to prove that the tetrahedrons are not degenerate, i.e. that they have a positive volume).
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- 4 Find all positive integers  $k$  with the following property: There exists an integer  $a$  so that  $(a + k)^3 - a^3$  is a multiple of 2007.
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