

**Federal Competition For Advanced Students, Part 2 2005**[www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c3759](http://www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c3759)

by ddziabenko

**Day 1**

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- 1 Find all triples  $(a, b, c)$  of natural numbers, such that  $LCM(a, b, c) = a + b + c$
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- 2 Prove that for all positive reals  $a, b, c, d$ , we have  $\frac{a+b+c+d}{abcd} \leq \frac{1}{a^3} + \frac{1}{b^3} + \frac{1}{c^3} + \frac{1}{d^3}$
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- 3 Triangle  $DEF$  is acute. Circle  $c_1$  is drawn with  $DF$  as its diameter and circle  $c_2$  is drawn with  $DE$  as its diameter. Points  $Y$  and  $Z$  are on  $DF$  and  $DE$  respectively so that  $EY$  and  $FZ$  are altitudes of triangle  $DEF$ .  $EY$  intersects  $c_1$  at  $P$ , and  $FZ$  intersects  $c_2$  at  $Q$ .  $EY$  extended intersects  $c_1$  at  $R$ , and  $FZ$  extended intersects  $c_2$  at  $S$ . Prove that  $P, Q, R$ , and  $S$  are concyclic points.
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**Day 2**

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- 1 The function  $f : (0, \dots, 2005) \rightarrow N$  has the properties that  $f(2x + 1) = f(2x)$ ,  $f(3x + 1) = f(3x)$  and  $f(5x + 1) = f(5x)$  with  $x \in (0, 1, 2, \dots, 2005)$ . How many different values can the function assume?
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- 2 Find all real  $a, b, c, d, e, f$  that satisfy the system  $4a = (b + c + d + e)^4$   $4b = (c + d + e + f)^4$   $4c = (d + e + f + a)^4$   $4d = (e + f + a + b)^4$   $4e = (f + a + b + c)^4$   $4f = (a + b + c + d)^4$
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- 3 Let  $Q$  be a point inside a cube. Prove that there are infinitely many lines  $l$  so that  $AQ = BQ$  where  $A$  and  $B$  are the two points of intersection of  $l$  and the surface of the cube.
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