## AoPS Community

## Federal Competition For Advanced Students, Part 12003

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1 Find all triples of prime numbers $(p, q, r)$ such that $p^{q}+p^{r}$ is a perfect square.
2 Find the greatest and smallest value of $f(x, y)=y-2 x$, if $\mathbf{x}, \mathrm{y}$ are distinct non-negative real numbers with $\frac{x^{2}+y^{2}}{x+y} \leq 4$.

3 Given a positive real number $t$, find the number of real solutions $a, b, c, d$ of the system

$$
a\left(1-b^{2}\right)=b\left(1-c^{2}\right)=c\left(1-d^{2}\right)=d\left(1-a^{2}\right)=t .
$$

4 In a parallelogram $A B C D$, points $E$ and $F$ are the midpoints of $A B$ and $B C$, respectively, and $P$ is the intersection of $E C$ and $F D$. Prove that the segments $A P, B P, C P$ and $D P$ divide the parallelogram into four triangles whose areas are in the ratio $1: 2: 3: 4$.

