Art of Problem Solving

## AoPS Community

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by ZetaX, Davron, Valentin Vornicu

Day 1 July 12th
1 Let $A B C$ be triangle with incenter $I$. A point $P$ in the interior of the triangle satisfies

$$
\angle P B A+\angle P C A=\angle P B C+\angle P C B .
$$

Show that $A P \geq A I$, and that equality holds if and only if $P=I$.
2 Let $P$ be a regular 2006-gon. A diagonal is called good if its endpoints divide the boundary of $P$ into two parts, each composed of an odd number of sides of $P$. The sides of $P$ are also called good.
Suppose $P$ has been dissected into triangles by 2003 diagonals, no two of which have a common point in the interior of $P$. Find the maximum number of isosceles triangles having two good sides that could appear in such a configuration.

3 Determine the least real number $M$ such that the inequality

$$
\left|a b\left(a^{2}-b^{2}\right)+b c\left(b^{2}-c^{2}\right)+c a\left(c^{2}-a^{2}\right)\right| \leq M\left(a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}\right)^{2}
$$

holds for all real numbers $a, b$ and $c$.
Day 2 July 13th
4 Determine all pairs $(x, y)$ of integers such that

$$
1+2^{x}+2^{2 x+1}=y^{2} .
$$

5 Let $P(x)$ be a polynomial of degree $n>1$ with integer coefficients and let $k$ be a positive integer. Consider the polynomial $Q(x)=P(P(\ldots P(P(x)) \ldots))$, where $P$ occurs $k$ times. Prove that there are at most $n$ integers $t$ such that $Q(t)=t$.
$6 \quad$ Assign to each side $b$ of a convex polygon $P$ the maximum area of a triangle that has $b$ as a side and is contained in $P$. Show that the sum of the areas assigned to the sides of $P$ is at least twice the area of $P$.

