## AoPS Community

## Arnold's Trivium 1991

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1 Sketch the graph of the derivative and the graph of the integral of a function given by a freehand graph.

2 Find the limit

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \tan x-\tan \sin x}{\arcsin \arctan x-\arctan \arcsin x}
$$

3 Find the critical values and critical points of the mapping $z \mapsto z^{2}+2 \bar{z}$ (sketch the answer).
4 Calculate the 100th derivative of the function

$$
\frac{x^{2}+1}{x^{3}-x}
$$

5 Calculate the 100th derivative of the function

$$
\frac{1}{x^{2}+3 x+2}
$$

at $x=0$ with $10 \%$ relative error.
$6 \quad$ In the $(x, y)$-plane sketch the curve given parametrically by $x=2 t-4 t^{3}, y=t^{2}-3 t^{4}$.
7 How many normals to an ellipse can be drawn from a given point in plane? Find the region in which the number of normals is maximal.

8 How many maxima, minima, and saddle points does the function $x^{4}+y^{4}+z^{4}+u^{4}+v^{4}$ have on the surface $x+\ldots+v=0, x^{2}+\ldots+v^{2}=1, x^{3}+\ldots+v^{3}=C$ ?

9 Does every positive polynomial in two real variables attain its lower bound in the plane?
10 Investigate the asymptotic behaviour of the solutions $y$ of the equation $x^{5}+x^{2} y^{2}=y^{6}$ that tend to zero as $x \rightarrow 0$.

11 Investigate the convergence of the integral

$$
\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d x d y}{1+x^{4} y^{4}}
$$

12 Find the flux of the vector field $\vec{r} / r^{3}$ through the surface

$$
(x-1)^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}=2
$$

13 Calculate with $5 \%$ relative error

$$
\int_{1}^{10} x^{x} d x
$$

14 Calculate with at most $10 \%$ relative error

$$
\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}\left(x^{4}+4 x+4\right)^{-100} d x
$$

15 Calculate with $10 \%$ relative error

$$
\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \cos \left(100\left(x^{4}-x\right)\right) d x
$$

16 What fraction of a 5 -dimensional cube is the volume of the inscribed sphere? What fraction is it of a 10 -dimensional cube?

17 Find the distance of the centre of gravity of a uniform 100-dimensional solid hemisphere of radius 1 from the centre of the sphere with $10 \%$ relative error.

## 18 Calculate

$$
\int \cdots \int \exp \left(-\sum_{1 \leq i \leq j \leq n} x_{i} x_{j}\right) d x_{1} \cdots d x_{n}
$$

19 Investigate the path of a light ray in a plane medium with refractive index $n(y)=y^{4}-y^{2}+1$ using Snell's law $n(y) \sin \alpha=$ const, where $\alpha$ is the angle made by the ray with the $y$-axis.

20 Find the derivative of the solution of the equation $\ddot{x}=x+A \dot{x}^{2}$, with initial conditions $x(0)=1$, $\dot{x}(0)=0$, with respect to the parameter $A$ for $A=0$.

21 Find the derivative of the solution of the equation $\ddot{x}=\dot{x}^{2}+x^{3}$ with initial condition $x(0)=0$, $\dot{x}(0)=A$ with respect to $A$ for $A=0$.

22 Investigate the boundary of the domain of stability (max $\left.R e \lambda_{j}<0\right)$ in the space of coefficients of the equation $\dddot{x}+a \ddot{x}+b \dot{x}+c x=0$.

23 Solve the quasi-homogeneous equation

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}=x+\frac{x^{3}}{y}
$$

24 Solve the quasi-homogeneous equation

$$
\ddot{x}=x^{5}+x^{2} \dot{x}
$$

25 Can an asymptotically stable equilibrium position become unstable in the Lyapunov sense under linearization?

26 Investigate the behaviour as $t \rightarrow+\infty$ of solutions of the systems

$$
\begin{gathered}
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\dot{x}=y \\
\dot{y}=2 \sin y-y-x
\end{array}\right. \\
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\dot{x}=y \\
\dot{y}=2 x-x^{3}-x^{2}-\epsilon y
\end{array}\right.
\end{gathered}
$$

where $\epsilon \ll 1$.
27 Sketch the images of the solutions of the equation

$$
\ddot{x}=F(x)-k \dot{x}, F=-d U / d x
$$

in the ( $x, E$ )-plane, where $E=\dot{x}^{2} / 2+U(x)$, near non-degenerate critical points of the potential $U$.

28 Sketch the phase portrait and investigate its variation under variation of the small complex parameter $\epsilon$ :

$$
\dot{z}=\epsilon z-(1+i) z|z|^{2}+\bar{z}^{4}
$$

29 A charge moves with velocity 1 in a plane under the action of a strong magnetic field $B(x, y)$ perpendicular to the plane. To which side will the centre of the Larmor neighbourhood drift? Calculate the velocity of this drift (to a first approximation). [Mathematically, this concerns the curves of curvature $N B$ as $N \rightarrow+\infty$.]

30 Find the sum of the indexes of the singular points other than zero of the vector field

$$
z \bar{z}^{2}+z^{4}+2 \bar{z}^{4}
$$

31 Find the index of the singular point 0 of the vector field with components

$$
\left(x^{4}+y^{4}+z^{4}, x^{3} y-x y^{3}, x y z^{2}\right)
$$

32 Find the index of the singular point 0 of the vector field

$$
(x y+y z+x z)
$$

33 Find the linking coefficient of the phase trajectories of the equation of small oscillations $\ddot{x}=$ $-4 x, \ddot{y}=-9 y$ on a level surface of the total energy.

34 Investigate the singular points on the curve $y=x^{3}$ in the projective plane.
35 Sketch the geodesics on the surface

$$
\left(x^{2}+y^{2}-2\right)^{2}+z^{2}=1
$$

36 Sketch the evolvent of the cubic parabola $y=x^{3}$ (the evolvent is the locus of the points $\vec{r}(s)+$ $(c-s) \dot{\vec{r}}(s)$, where $s$ is the arc-length of the curve $\vec{r}(s)$ and $c$ is a constant).

37 Prove that in Euclidean space the surfaces

$$
\left((A-\lambda E)^{-1} x, x\right)=1
$$

passing through the point $x$ and corresponding to different values of $\lambda$ are pairwise orthogonal ( $A$ is a symmetric operator without multiple eigenvalues).

38 Calculate the integral of the Gaussian curvature of the surface

$$
z^{4}+\left(x^{2}+y^{2}-1\right)\left(2 x^{2}+3 y^{2}-1\right)=0
$$

39 Calculate the Gauss integral

$$
\oint \frac{(d \vec{A}, d \vec{B}, \vec{A}-\vec{B})}{|\vec{A}-\vec{B}|^{3}}
$$

where $\vec{A}$ runs along the curve $x=\cos \alpha, y=\sin \alpha, z=0$, and $\vec{B}$ along the curve $x=2 \cos ^{2} \beta$, $y=\frac{1}{2} \sin \beta, z=\sin 2 \beta$.
Note: that $\oint$ was supposed to be oiint (i.e. $\iint$ with a circle) but the command does not work on AoPS.

40 Find the parallel displacement of a vector pointing north at Leningrad (latitude $60^{\circ}$ ) from west to east along a closed parallel.

41 Find the geodesic curvature of the line $y=1$ in the upper half-plane with the LobachevskiiPoincare metric

$$
d s^{2}=\left(d x^{2}+d y^{2}\right) / y^{2}
$$

42 Do the medians of a triangle meet in a single point in the Lobachevskii plane? What about the altitudes?

43 Find the Betti numbers of the surface $x_{1}^{2}+\cdots+x_{k}^{2}-y_{1}^{2}-\cdots-y_{l}^{2}=1$ and the set $x_{1}^{2}+\cdots+x_{k}^{2} \leq$ $1+y_{1}^{2}+\cdots+y_{l}^{2}$ in a $(k+l)$-dimensional linear space.

44 Find the Betti numbers of the surface $x^{2}+y^{2}=1+z^{2}$ in three-dimensional projective space. The same for the surfaces $z=x y, z=x^{2}, z^{2}=x^{2}+y^{2}$.

45 Find the self-intersection index of the surface $x^{4}+y^{4}=1$ in the projective plane $\mathrm{CP}^{2}$.
46 Map the interior of the unit disc conformally onto the first quadrant.
47 Map the exterior of the disc conformally onto the exterior of a given ellipse.
48 Map the half-plane without a segment perpendicular to its boundary conformally onto the halfplane.

49 Calculate

$$
\oint_{|z|=2} \frac{d z}{\sqrt{1+z^{10}}}
$$

50 Calculate

$$
\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{e^{i k x}}{1+x^{2}} d x
$$

51 Calculate the integral

$$
\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{i k x} \frac{1-e^{x}}{1+e^{x}} d x
$$

52 Calculate the first term of the asymptotic expression as $k \rightarrow \infty$ of the integral

$$
\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{e^{i k x}}{\sqrt{1+x^{2 n}}} d x
$$

53 Investigate the singular points of the differential form $d t=d x / y$ on the compact Riemann surface $y^{2} / 2+U(x)=E$, where $U$ is a polynomial and $E$ is not a critical value.
$54 \ddot{x}=3 x-x^{3}-1$. In which of the potential wells is the period of oscillation greater (in the shallower or the deeper) with equal values of the total energy?

55 Investigate topologically the Riemann surface of the function

$$
w=\arctan z
$$

56 How many handles has the Riemann surface of the function

$$
w=\sqrt{1+z^{n}}
$$

57 Find the dimension of the solution space of the problem $\partial u / \partial \bar{z}=\delta(z-i)$ for $\operatorname{Im} z \geq 0$, $\operatorname{Im} u(z)=0$ for $\operatorname{Im} z=0, u \rightarrow 0$ as $z \rightarrow \infty$.

58 Find the dimension of the solution space of the problem $\partial u / \partial \bar{z}=a \delta(z-i)+b \delta(z+i)$ for $|z| \leq 2, \operatorname{lm} u=0$ for $|z|=2$.

59 Investigate the existence and uniqueness of the solution of the problem $y u_{x}=x u_{y},\left.u\right|_{x=1}=$ $\cos y$ in a neighbourhood of the point $\left(1, y_{0}\right)$.

60 Is there a solution of the Cauchy problem

$$
x\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}+y^{3} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}=0,\left.u\right|_{y=0}=1
$$

in a neighbourhood of the point $\left(x_{0}, 0\right)$ of the $x$-axis? Is it unique?
61 What is the largest value of $t$ for which the solution of the problem

$$
\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}+u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}=\sin x,\left.u\right|_{t=0}=0
$$

can be extended to the interval $[0, t)$.
62 Find all solutions of the equation $y \partial u / \partial x-\sin x \partial u / \partial y=u^{2}$ in a neighbourhood of the point 0,0 .

63 Is there a solution of the Cauchy problem $y \partial u / \partial x+\sin x \partial u / \partial y=y,\left.u\right|_{x=0}=y^{4}$ on the whole $(x, y)$ plane? Is it unique?

64 Does the Cauchy problem $\left.u\right|_{y=x^{2}}=1,(\nabla u)^{2}=1$ have a smooth solution in the domain $y \geq x^{2}$ ? In the domain $y \leq x^{2}$ ?

65 Find the mean value of the function $\ln r$ on the circle $(x-a)^{2}+(y-b)^{2}=R^{2}$ (of the function $1 / r$ on the sphere).

66 Solve the Dirichlet problem

$$
\begin{gathered}
\Delta u=0 \text { for } x^{2}+y^{2}<1 \\
u=1 \text { for } x^{2}+y^{2}=1, y>0 \\
u=-1 \text { for } x^{2}+y^{2}=1, y<0
\end{gathered}
$$

67 What is the dimension of the space of solutions continuous on $x^{2}+y^{2} \geq 1$ of the problem

$$
\begin{gathered}
\Delta u=0 \text { for } x^{2}+y^{2}>1 \\
\partial u / \partial n=0 \text { for } x^{2}+y^{2}=1
\end{gathered}
$$

68 Find

$$
\inf \iint_{x^{2}+y^{2} \leq 1}\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\right)^{2} d x d y
$$

69 Prove that the solid angle based on a given closed contour is a function of the vertex of the angle that is harmonic outside the contour.

70 Calculate the mean value of the solid angle by which the disc $x^{2}+y^{2} \leq 1$ lying in the plane $z=0$ is seen from points of the sphere $x^{2}+y^{2}+(z-2)^{2}=1$.

71 Calculate the charge density on the conducting boundary $x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}=1$ of a cavity in which a charge $q=1$ is placed at distance $r$ from the centre.

72 Calculate to the first order in $\epsilon$ the effect that the influence of the flattening of the earth ( $\epsilon \approx$ $1 / 300$ ) on the gravitational field of the earth has on the distance of the moon (assuming the earth to be homogeneous).

73 Find (to the first order in $\epsilon$ ) the influence of the imperfection of an almost spherical capacitor $R=1+\epsilon f(\varphi, \theta)$ on its capacity.

74 Sketch the graph of $u(x, 1)$, if $0 \leq x \leq 1$,

$$
\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}=\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x^{2}},\left.u\right|_{t=0}=x^{2},\left.u\right|_{x^{2}=x}=x^{2}
$$

75 On account of the annual fluctuation of temperature the ground at the town of freezes to a depth of 2 metres. To what depth would it freeze on account of a daily fluctuation of the same amplitude?

76 Investigate the behaviour at $t \rightarrow \infty$ of the solution of the problem

$$
u_{t}+(u \sin x)_{x}=\epsilon u_{x x},\left.u\right|_{t=0}=1, \epsilon \ll 1
$$

77 Find the eigenvalues and their multiplicities of the Laplace operator $\Delta=\operatorname{div}$ grad on a sphere of radius $R$ in Euclidean space of dimension $n$.

78 Solve the Cauchy problem

$$
\begin{gathered}
\frac{\partial^{2} A}{\partial t^{2}}=9 \frac{\partial^{2} A}{\partial x^{2}}-2 B, \frac{\partial^{2} B}{\partial t^{2}}=6 \frac{\partial^{2} B}{\partial x^{2}}-2 A \\
\left.A\right|_{t=0}=\cos x,\left.B\right|_{t=0}=0,\left.\frac{\partial A}{\partial t}\right|_{t=0}=\left.\frac{\partial B}{\partial t}\right|_{t=0}=0
\end{gathered}
$$

79 How many solutions has the boundary-value problem

$$
u_{x x}+\lambda u=\sin x, u(0)=u(\pi)=0
$$

80 Solve the equation

$$
\int_{0}^{1}(x+y)^{2} u(x) d x=\lambda u(y)+1
$$

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81 Find the Green's function of the operator $d^{2} / d x^{2}-1$ and solve the equation

$$
\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-|x-y|} u(y) d y=e^{-x^{2}}
$$

82 For what values of the velocity $c$ does the equation $u_{t}=u-u^{2}+u_{x x}$ have a solution in the form of a traveling wave $u=\varphi(x-c t), \varphi(-\infty)=1, \varphi(\infty)=0,0 \leq u \leq 1$ ?

83 Find solutions of the equation $u_{t}=u_{x x x}+u u_{x}$ in the form of a traveling wave $u=\varphi(x-c t)$, $\varphi( \pm \infty)=0$.

84 Find the number of positive and negative squares in the canonical form of the quadratic form $\sum_{i<j}\left(x_{i}-x_{j}\right)^{2}$ in $n$ variables. The same for the form $\sum_{i<j} x_{i} x_{j}$.

85 Find the lengths of the principal axes of the ellipsoid

$$
\sum_{i \leq j} x_{i} x_{j}=1
$$

86 Through the centre of a cube (tetrahedron, icosahedron) draw a straight line in such a way that the sum of the squares of its distances from the vertices is a) minimal, b) maximal.

87 Find the derivatives of the lengths of the semiaxes of the ellipsoid $x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}+x y+y z+z x=$ $1+\epsilon x y$ with respect to $\epsilon$ at $\epsilon=0$.

88 How many figures can be obtained by intersecting the infinite-dimensional cube $\left|x_{k}\right| \leq 1, k=$ $1,2, \ldots$ with a two-dimensional plane?

89 Calculate the sum of vector products $[[x, y], z]+[[y, z], x]+[[z, x], y]$
90 Calculate the sum of matrix commutators $[A,[B, C]]+[B,[C, A]]+[C,[A, B]]$, where $[A, B]=$ $A B-B A$

91 Find the Jordan normal form of the operator $e^{d / d t}$ in the space of quasi-polynomials $\left\{e^{\lambda t} p(t)\right\}$ where the degree of the polynomial $p$ is less than 5 , and of the operator $\operatorname{ad}_{A}, B \mapsto[A, B]$, in the space of $n \times n$ matrices $B$, where $A$ is a diagonal matrix.

92 Find the orders of the subgroups of the group of rotations of the cube, and find its normal subgroups.

## 1991 Arnold's Trivium

93 Decompose the space of functions defined on the vertices of a cube into invariant subspaces irreducible with respect to the group of a) its symmetries, b) its rotations.

94 Decompose a 5-dimensional real linear space into the irreducible invariant subspaces of the group generated by cyclic permutations of the basis vectors.

95 Decompose the space of homogeneous polynomials of degree 5 in $(x, y, z)$ into irreducible subspaces invariant with respect to the rotation group $S O(3)$.

96 Each of 3600 subscribers of a telephone exchange calls it once an hour on average. What is the probability that in a given second 5 or more calls are received? Estimate the mean interval of time between such seconds $(i, i+1)$.

97 A particle performing a random walk on the integer points of the semi-axis $x \geq 0$ moves a distance 1 to the right with probability $a$, and to the left with probability $b$, and stands still in the remaining cases (if $x=0$, it stands still instead of moving to the left). Determine the steady-state probability distribution, and also the expectation of $x$ and $x^{2}$ over a long time, if the particle starts at the point 0 .

98 In the game of "Fingers", $N$ players stand in a circle and simultaneously thrust out their right hands, each with a certain number of fingers showing. The total number of fingers shown is counted out round the circle from the leader, and the player on whom the count stops is the winner. How large must $N$ be for a suitably chosen group of $N / 10$ players to contain a winner with probability at least 0.9 ? How does the probability that the leader wins behave as $N \rightarrow \infty$ ?

99 One player conceals a 10 or 20 copeck coin, and the other guesses its value. If he is right he gets the coin, if wrong he pays 15 copecks. Is this a fair game? What are the optimal mixed strategies for both players?

100 Find the mathematical expectation of the area of the projection of a cube with edge of length 1 onto a plane with an isotropically distributed random direction of projection.

