Art of Problem Solving

## **AoPS Community**

## Benelux 2011

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c3988 by Lepuslapis

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1	An ordered pair of integers $(m, n)$ with $1 < m < n$ is said to be a <i>Benelux couple</i> if the following two conditions hold: $m$ has the same prime divisors as $n$ , and $m+1$ has the same prime divisors as $n + 1$ . (a) Find three Benelux couples $(m, n)$ with $m \leq 14$ . (b) Prove that there are infinitely many Benelux couples
2	Let $ABC$ be a triangle with incentre $I$ . The angle bisectors $AI$ , $BI$ and $CI$ meet $[BC]$ , $[CA]$ and $[AB]$ at $D$ , $E$ and $F$ , respectively. The perpendicular bisector of $[AD]$ intersects the lines $BI$ and $CI$ at $M$ and $N$ , respectively. Show that $A$ , $I$ , $M$ and $N$ lie on a circle.
3	If k is an integer, let $c(k)$ denote the largest cube that is less than or equal to k. Find all positive integers p for which the following sequence is bounded: $a_0 = p$ and $a_{n+1} = 3a_n - 2c(a_n)$ for $n \ge 0$ .
4	Abby and Brian play the following game: They first choose a positive integer $N$ . Then they write numbers on a blackboard in turn. Abby starts by writing a 1. Thereafter, when one of them has written the number $n$ , the other writes down either $n + 1$ or $2n$ , provided that the number is not greater than $N$ . The player who writes $N$ on the blackboard wins. (a) Determine which player has a winning strategy if $N = 2011$ . (b) Find the number of positive integers $N \leq 2011$ for which Brian has a winning strategy. (This is based on ISL 2004, Problem C5.)
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