Art of Problem Solving

## AoPS Community

## NMO 2008

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c4035
by Joao Pedro Santos

## Day 1

1 What is the maximum number of triangles with vertices on the points of the fork/graph which is possible to construct?

2 Let $A E B C$ be a cyclic quadrilateral. Let $D$ be a point on the ray $A E$ which is outside the circumscribed circumference of $A E B C$. Suppose that $\angle C A B=\angle B A E$. Prove that $A B=B D$ if and only if $D E=A C$.
$3 \quad$ Let $d$ be a natural number. Given two natural numbers $M$ and $N$ with $d$ digits, $M$ is a friend of $N$ if and only if the $d$ numbers obtained substituting each one of the digits of $M$ by the digit of $N$ which is on the same position are all multiples of 7 . Find all the values of $d$ for which the following condition is valid:
For any two numbers $M$ and $N$ with $d$ digits, $M$ is a friend of $N$ if and only if $N$ is a friend of $M$.

## Day 2

4 Nelson challenges Telma for the following game:
First Telma takes $2^{9}$ numbers from the set $\{0,1,2,3, \cdots, 1024\}$, then Nelson takes $2^{8}$ of the remaining numbers. Then Telma takes $2^{7}$ numbers and successively, until only two numbers remain. Nelson will have to give Telma the difference between these two numbers in euros. What is the largest amount Telma can win, whatever Nelson's strategy is?
$5 \quad$ Let $A B C$ be a right-angled triangle in $A$ such that $A B<A C$. Let $M$ be the midpoint of $B C$ and let $D$ be the intersection of $A C$ with the perpendicular line to $B C$ which passes through $M$. Let $E$ be the intersection point of the parallel line to $A C$ which passes through $M$ with the perpendicular line to $B D$ which passes through $B$. Prove that triangles $A E M$ and $M C A$ are similar if and only if $\angle A B C=60^{\circ}$.

6 Let $n$ be a natural number larger than 2. Vanessa has $n$ piles of jade stones, and all the piles have a different number of stones. Vanessa can distribute the stones from any pile by the other piles and stay with $n-1$ piles with the same number of stones. She also can distribute the stones from any two piles by the other piles and stay with $n-2$ piles with the same number of stones. Find the smallest possible number of jade's stones that the pile with the largest number of stones can have.

