Art of Problem Solving

## AoPS Community

## Kazakhstan National Olympiad 2007

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by rightways

## Day 1

1 Zeros of a fourth-degree polynomial $f(x)$ form an arithmetic progression. Prove that the zeros of $f^{\prime}(x)$ also form an arithmetic progression.

2 Let $A B C$ be an isosceles triangle with $A C=B C$ and $I$ is the center of the inscribed circle. The point $P$ lies on the circle circumscribed about the triangle $A I B$ and lies inside the triangle $A B C$. Straight lines passing through point $P$ parallel to $C A$ and $C B$ intersect $A B$ at points $D$ and $E$, respectively. The line through $P$ which is parallel to $A B$ intersects $C A$ and $C B$ at points $F$ and $G$, respectively. Prove that the lines $D F$ and $E G$ meet at the circumcircle of triangle $A B C$.

3 Solve in prime numbers the equation $p(p+1)+q(q+1)=r(r+1)$.
4 Several identical square sheets of paper are laid out on a rectangular table so that their sides are parallel to the edges of the table (sheets may overlap). Prove that you can stick a few pins in such a way that each sheet will be attached to the table exactly by one pin.

## Day 2

1 Convex quadrilateral $A B C D$ with $A B$ not equal to $D C$ is inscribed in a circle. Let $A K D L$ and $C M B N$ be rhombs with same side of $a$. Prove that the points $K, L, M, N$ lie on a circle.

2 Each cell of a $100 \times 100$ board is painted in one of 100 different colors so that there are exactly 100 cells of each color. Prove that there is a row or column in which there are at least 10 cells of different colors.

3 Let $p$ be a prime such that $2^{p-1} \equiv 1\left(\bmod p^{2}\right)$. Show that $(p-1)\left(p!+2^{n}\right)$ has at least three distinct prime divisors for each $n \in \mathbb{N}$.

4 Find all functions $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, satisfying the condition
$f(x f(y)+f(x))=2 f(x)+x y$
for any real $x$ and $y$.

