

**Balkan MO 1997**

[www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c4069](http://www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c4069)

by Valentin Vornicu, tranthanhnam

– April 30th

---

**1** Suppose that  $O$  is a point inside a convex quadrilateral  $ABCD$  such that

$$OA^2 + OB^2 + OC^2 + OD^2 = 2\mathcal{A}[ABCD],$$

where by  $\mathcal{A}[ABCD]$  we have denoted the area of  $ABCD$ . Prove that  $ABCD$  is a square and  $O$  is its center.

*Yugoslavia*

---

**2** Let  $S = \{A_1, A_2, \dots, A_k\}$  be a collection of subsets of an  $n$ -element set  $A$ . If for any two elements  $x, y \in A$  there is a subset  $A_i \in S$  containing exactly one of the two elements  $x, y$ , prove that  $2^k \geq n$ .

*Yugoslavia*

---

**3** The circles  $\mathcal{C}_1$  and  $\mathcal{C}_2$  touch each other externally at  $D$ , and touch a circle  $\omega$  internally at  $B$  and  $C$ , respectively. Let  $A$  be an intersection point of  $\omega$  and the common tangent to  $\mathcal{C}_1$  and  $\mathcal{C}_2$  at  $D$ . Lines  $AB$  and  $AC$  meet  $\mathcal{C}_1$  and  $\mathcal{C}_2$  again at  $K$  and  $L$ , respectively, and the line  $BC$  meets  $\mathcal{C}_1$  again at  $M$  and  $\mathcal{C}_2$  again at  $N$ . Prove that the lines  $AD, KM, LN$  are concurrent.

*Greece*

---

**4** Find all functions  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that

$$f(xf(x) + f(y)) = f^2(x) + y$$

for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ .

---