2004 Balkan MO



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Balkan MO 2004

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1 The sequence $\{a_n\}_{n\geq 0}$ of real numbers satisfies the relation:

$$a_{m+n} + a_{m-n} - m + n - 1 = \frac{1}{2}(a_{2m} + a_{2n})$$

for all non-negative integers m and $n, m \ge n$. If $a_1 = 3$ find a_{2004} .

- **2** Solve in prime numbers the equation $x^y y^x = xy^2 19$.
- **3** Let *O* be an interior point of an acute triangle *ABC*. The circles with centers the midpoints of its sides and passing through *O* mutually intersect the second time at the points *K*, *L* and *M* different from *O*. Prove that *O* is the incenter of the triangle *KLM* if and only if *O* is the circumcenter of the triangle *ABC*.
- 4 The plane is partitioned into regions by a finite number of lines no three of which are concurrent. Two regions are called "neighbors" if the intersection of their boundaries is a segment, or half-line or a line (a point is not a segment). An integer is to be assigned to each region in such a way that:

i) the product of the integers assigned to any two neighbors is less than their sum;
ii) for each of the given lines, and each of the half-planes determined by it, the sum of the integers, assigned to all of the regions lying on this half-plane equal to zero.

Prove that this is possible if and only if not all of the lines are parallel.

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