## AoPS Community

## Balkan MO 2014

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by shivangjindal, Ifetahu

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1 Let $x, y$ and $z$ be positive real numbers such that $x y+y z+x z=3 x y z$. Prove that

$$
x^{2} y+y^{2} z+z^{2} x \geq 2(x+y+z)-3
$$

and determine when equality holds.
UK - David Monk
2 A special number is a positive integer $n$ for which there exists positive integers $a, b, c$, and $d$ with

$$
n=\frac{a^{3}+2 b^{3}}{c^{3}+2 d^{3}} .
$$

Prove that
i) there are infinitely many special numbers;
ii) 2014 is not a special number.

## Romania

3 Let $A B C D$ be a trapezium inscribed in a circle $\Gamma$ with diameter $A B$. Let $E$ be the intersection point of the diagonals $A C$ and $B D$. The circle with center $B$ and radius $B E$ meets $\Gamma$ at the points $K$ and $L$ (where $K$ is on the same side of $A B$ as $C$ ). The line perpendicular to $B D$ at $E$ intersects $C D$ at $M$. Prove that $K M$ is perpendicular to $D L$.

## Greece - Silouanos Brazitikos

4 Let $n$ be a positive integer. A regular hexagon with side length $n$ is divided into equilateral triangles with side length 1 by lines parallel to its sides.
Find the number of regular hexagons all of whose vertices are among the vertices of those equilateral triangles.
UK - Sahl Khan

