## AoPS Community

## APMO 1998

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1 Let $F$ be the set of all $n$-tuples $\left(A_{1}, \ldots, A_{n}\right)$ such that each $A_{i}$ is a subset of $\{1,2, \ldots, 1998\}$. Let $|A|$ denote the number of elements of the set $A$. Find

$$
\sum_{\left(A_{1}, \ldots, A_{n}\right) \in F}\left|A_{1} \cup A_{2} \cup \cdots \cup A_{n}\right|
$$

2 Show that for any positive integers $a$ and $b,(36 a+b)(a+36 b)$ cannot be a power of 2 .
3 Let $a, b, c$ be positive real numbers. Prove that

$$
\left(1+\frac{a}{b}\right)\left(1+\frac{b}{c}\right)\left(1+\frac{c}{a}\right) \geq 2\left(1+\frac{a+b+c}{\sqrt[3]{a b c}}\right)
$$

$4 \quad$ Let $A B C$ be a triangle and $D$ the foot of the altitude from $A$. Let $E$ and $F$ lie on a line passing through $D$ such that $A E$ is perpendicular to $B E, A F$ is perpendicular to $C F$, and $E$ and $F$ are different from $D$. Let $M$ and $N$ be the midpoints of the segments $B C$ and $E F$, respectively. Prove that $A N$ is perpendicular to $N M$.
$5 \quad$ Find the largest integer $n$ such that $n$ is divisible by all positive integers less than $\sqrt[3]{n}$.

