## AoPS Community

## Czech-Polish-Slovak Match 2007

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c4193
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1 Find all polynomials $P$ with real coefficients satisfying $P\left(x^{2}\right)=P(x) \cdot P(x+2)$ for all real numbers $x$.

2 The Fibonacci sequence is defined by $a_{1}=a_{2}=1$ and $a_{k+2}=a_{k+1}+a_{k}$ for $k \in \mathbb{N}$. Prove that for any natural number $m$, there exists an index $k$ such that $a_{k}^{4}-a_{k}-2$ is divisible by $m$.

3 A convex quadrilateral $A B C D$ inscribed in a circle $k$ has the property that the rays $D A$ and $C B$ meet at a point $E$ for which $C D^{2}=A D \cdot E D$. The perpendicular to $E D$ at $A$ intersects $k$ again at point $F$. Prove that the segments $A D$ and $C F$ are congruent if and only if the circumcenterof $\triangle A B E$ lies on $E D$.

4 For any real number $p \geq 1$ consider the set of all real numbers $x$ with

$$
p<x<\left(2+\sqrt{p+\frac{1}{4}}\right)^{2} .
$$

Prove that from any such set one can select four mutually distinct natural numbers $a, b, c, d$ with $a b=c d$.

5 For which $n \in\{3900,3901, \cdots, 3909\}$ can the set $\{1,2, \ldots, n\}$ be partitioned into (disjoint) triples in such a way that in each triple one of the numbers equals the sum of the other two?
$6 \quad$ Let $A B C D$ be a convex quadrilateral. A circle passing through the points $A$ and $D$ and a circle passing through the points $B$ and $C$ are externally tangent at a point $P$ inside the quadrilateral. Suppose that $\angle P A B+\angle P D C \leq 90^{\circ}$ and $\angle P B A+\angle P C D \leq 90^{\circ}$. Prove that $A B+C D \geq$ $B C+A D$.

