

AoPS Community

Czech-Polish-Slovak Match 2008

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c4194 by Sayan

Day 1 June 22nd

1	Determine all triples (x, y, z) of positive real numbers which satisfies the following system of equations
	$2x^3 = 2y(x^2 + 1) - (z^2 + 1),$

$$2x^{2} = 2y(x^{2} + 1) - (z^{2} + 1),$$

$$2y^{4} = 3z(y^{2} + 1) - 2(x^{2} + 1),$$

$$2z^{5} = 4x(z^{2} + 1) - 3(y^{2} + 1).$$

- **2** ABCDEF is a convex hexagon, such that $|\angle FAB| = |\angle BCD| = |\angle DEF|$ and |AB| = |BC|, |CD| = |DE|, |EF| = |FA|. Prove that the lines *AD*, *BE* and *CF* are concurrent.
- **3** Find all primes *p* such that the expression

$$\binom{p}{1}^2 + \binom{p}{2}^2 + \dots + \binom{p}{p-1}^2$$

is divisible by p^3 .

Day 2 June 25th

- **1** Prove that there exists a positive integer n, such that the number $k^2 + k + n$ does not have a prime divisor less than 2008 for any integer k.
- 2 *ABCDE* is a regular pentagon. Determine the smallest value of the expression

$$\frac{|PA| + |PB|}{|PC| + |PD| + |PE|},$$

where P is an arbitrary point lying in the plane of the pentagon ABCDE.

3 Find all triplets (k, m, n) of positive integers having the following property: Square with side length m can be divided into several rectangles of size $1 \times k$ and a square with side length n.

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