

## **AoPS Community**

## Junior Balkan MO 2010

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c4212 by Ahiles

**1** The real numbers *a*, *b*, *c*, *d* satisfy simultaneously the equations

abc - d = 1, bcd - a = 2, cda - b = 3, dab - c = -6.

Prove that  $a + b + c + d \neq 0$ .

2	Find all integers $n$ , $n \ge 1$ , such that $n \cdot 2^{n+1} + 1$ is a perfect square.
3	Let $AL$ and $BK$ be angle bisectors in the non-isosceles triangle $ABC$ ( $L$ lies on the side $BC$ , $K$ lies on the side $AC$ ). The perpendicular bisector of $BK$ intersects the line $AL$ at point $M$ . Point $N$ lies on the line $BK$ such that $LN$ is parallel to $MK$ . Prove that $LN = NA$ .
4	A $9 \times 7$ rectangle is tiled with tiles of the two types: L-shaped tiles composed by three unit squares (can be rotated repeatedly with $90^{\circ}$ ) and square tiles composed by four unit squares. Let $n \ge 0$ be the number of the $2 \times 2$ tiles which can be used in such a tiling. Find all the values of $n$ .

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