

**Olympic Revenge 2014**

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by rsa365

- 1 Let  $ABC$  an acute triangle and  $\Gamma$  its circumcircle. The bisector of  $BAC$  intersects  $\Gamma$  at  $M \neq A$ . A line  $r$  parallel to  $BC$  intersects  $AC$  at  $X$  and  $AB$  at  $Y$ . Also,  $MX$  and  $MY$  intersect  $\Gamma$  again at  $S$  and  $T$ , respectively.
- If  $XY$  and  $ST$  intersect at  $P$ , prove that  $PA$  is tangent to  $\Gamma$ .
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- 2 a) Let  $n$  a positive integer. Prove that  $\gcd(n, \lfloor n\sqrt{2} \rfloor) < \sqrt[4]{8}\sqrt{n}$ .
- b) Prove that there are infinitely many positive integers  $n$  such that  $\gcd(n, \lfloor n\sqrt{2} \rfloor) > \sqrt[4]{7.99}\sqrt{n}$ .
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- 3 Let  $n$  a positive integer. In a  $2n \times 2n$  board,  $1 \times n$  and  $n \times 1$  pieces are arranged without overlap. Call an arrangement **maximal** if it is impossible to put a new piece in the board without overlapping the previous ones.
- Find the least  $k$  such that there is a **maximal** arrangement that uses  $k$  pieces.
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- 4 Let  $a > 1$  be a positive integer and  $f \in \mathbb{Z}[x]$  with positive leading coefficient. Let  $S$  be the set of integers  $n$  such that

$$n \mid a^{f(n)} - 1.$$

Prove that  $S$  has density 0; that is, prove that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|S \cap \{1, \dots, n\}|}{n} = 0$ .

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