

AoPS Community

USAMO 1984

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c4482 by gauss1181, Binomial-theorem, rrusczyk

- **1** The product of two of the four roots of the quartic equation $x^4 18x^3 + kx^2 + 200x 1984 = 0$ is -32. Determine the value of k.
- 2 The geometric mean of any set of *m* non-negative numbers is the *m*-th root of their product.

(i) For which positive integers n is there a finite set S_n of n distinct positive integers such that the geometric mean of any subset of S_n is an integer? (ii) Is there an infinite set S of distinct positive integers such that the geometric mean of any finite subset of S is an integer?

- **3** P, A, B, C, and D are five distinct points in space such that $\angle APB = \angle BPC = \angle CPD = \angle DPA = \theta$, where θ is a given acute angle. Determine the greatest and least values of $\angle APC + \angle BPD$.
- 4 A difficult mathematical competition consisted of a Part I and a Part II with a combined total of 28 problems. Each contestant solved 7 problems altogether. For each pair of problems, there were exactly two contestants who solved both of them. Prove that there was a contestant who, in Part I, solved either no problems or at least four problems.
- 5 P(x) is a polynomial of degree 3n such that

 $P(0) = P(3) = \cdots = P(3n) = 2,$ $P(1) = P(4) = \cdots = P(3n - 2) = 1,$ $P(2) = P(5) = \cdots = P(3n - 1) = 0, \text{ and }$ P(3n + 1) = 730.

Determine n.

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