

AoPS Community

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1 Determine whether or not there are any positive integral solutions of the simultaneous equations

$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \dots + x_{1985}^2 = y^3,$$

$$x_1^3 + x_2^3 + \dots + x_{1985}^3 = z^2$$

with distinct integers $x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_{1985}$.

2 Determine each real root of

$$x^4 - (2 \cdot 10^{10} + 1)x^2 - x + 10^{20} + 10^{10} - 1 = 0$$

correct to four decimal places.

- **3** Let *A*, *B*, *C*, *D* denote four points in space such that at most one of the distances *AB*, *AC*, *AD*, *BC*, *BD*, *CD* is greater than 1. Determine the maximum value of the sum of the six distances.
- **4** There are *n* people at a party. Prove that there are two people such that, of the remaining n 2 people, there are at least $\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor 1$ of them, each of whom either knows both or else knows neither of the two. Assume that knowing is a symmetric relation, and that $\lfloor x \rfloor$ denotes the greatest integer less than or equal to *x*.
- **5** Let a_1, a_2, a_3, \cdots be a non-decreasing sequence of positive integers. For $m \ge 1$, define $b_m = \min\{n : a_n \ge m\}$, that is, b_m is the minimum value of n such that $a_n \ge m$. If $a_{19} = 85$, determine the maximum value of

 $a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_{19} + b_1 + b_2 + \dots + b_{85}.$

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