

## **AoPS Community**

## 1991 USAMO

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- 1 In triangle *ABC*, angle *A* is twice angle *B*, angle *C* is obtuse, and the three side lengths *a*, *b*, *c* are integers. Determine, with proof, the minimum possible perimeter.
- **2** For any nonempty set *S* of numbers, let  $\sigma(S)$  and  $\pi(S)$  denote the sum and product, respectively, of the elements of *S*. Prove that

$$\sum \frac{\sigma(S)}{\pi(S)} = (n^2 + 2n) - \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}\right)(n+1),$$

where " $\Sigma$ " denotes a sum involving all nonempty subsets *S* of  $\{1, 2, 3, ..., n\}$ .

**3** Show that, for any fixed integer  $n \ge 1$ , the sequence

$$2, 2^2, 2^{2^2}, 2^{2^2^2}, \dots (\mathsf{mod}\ n)$$

is eventually constant.

[The tower of exponents is defined by  $a_1 = 2$ ,  $a_{i+1} = 2^{a_i}$ . Also  $a_i \pmod{n}$  means the remainder which results from dividing  $a_i$  by n.]

- 4 Let  $a = \frac{m^{m+1} + n^{n+1}}{m^m + n^n}$ , where m and n are positive integers. Prove that  $a^m + a^n \ge m^m + n^n$ .
- 5 Let *D* be an arbitrary point on side AB of a given triangle ABC, and let *E* be the interior point where *CD* intersects the external common tangent to the incircles of triangles ACD and BCD. As *D* assumes all positions between *A* and *B*, prove that the point *E* traces the arc of a circle.
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