

IberoAmerican 1989

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by WakeUp

Day 1

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- 1 Determine all triples of real numbers that satisfy the following system of equations:

$$x + y - z = -1 \quad x^2 - y^2 + z^2 = 1 - x^3 + y^3 + z^3 = -1$$

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- 2 Let x, y, z be real numbers such that $0 \leq x, y, z \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$. Prove the inequality

$$\frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \sin x \cos y + 2 \sin y \cos z \geq \sin 2x + \sin 2y + \sin 2z.$$

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- 3 Let a, b and c be the side lengths of a triangle. Prove that:

$$\frac{a-b}{a+b} + \frac{b-c}{b+c} + \frac{c-a}{c+a} < \frac{1}{16}$$

Day 2

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- 1 The incircle of the triangle ABC is tangent to sides AC and BC at M and N , respectively. The bisectors of the angles at A and B intersect MN at points P and Q , respectively. Let O be the incentre of $\triangle ABC$. Prove that $MP \cdot OA = BC \cdot OQ$.

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- 2 Let the function f be defined on the set \mathbb{N} such that

$$(i) \quad f(1) = 1 \quad (ii) \quad f(2n+1) = f(2n) + 1 \quad (iii) \quad f(2n) = 3f(n)$$

Determine the set of values taken f .

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- 3 Show that the equation $2x^2 - 3x = 3y^2$ has infinitely many solutions in positive integers.
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