

## **AoPS Community**

## 2017 Mediterranean Mathematics Olympiad

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**Problem 1** Let *ABC* be an equilateral triangle, and let *P* be some point in its circumcircle. Determine all positive integers *n*, for which the value of the sum  $S_n(P) = |PA|^n + |PB|^n + |PC|^n$  is independent of the choice of point *P*.

**Problem 2** Determine the smallest integer n for which there exist integers  $x_1, \ldots, x_n$  and positive integers  $a_1, \ldots, a_n$  so that

 $x_1 + \dots + x_n = 0,$  $a_1x_1 + \dots + a_nx_n > 0,$  and  $a_1^2x_1 + \dots + a_n^2x_n < 0.$ 

**Problem 3** A set *S* of integers is Balearic, if there are two (not necessarily distinct) elements  $s, s' \in S$ whose sum s + s' is a power of two; otherwise it is called a non-Balearic set. Find an integer *n* such that  $\{1, 2, ..., n\}$  contains a 99-element non-Balearic set, whereas all the 100-element subsets are Balearic.

**Problem 4** Let x, y, z and a, b, c be positive real numbers with a + b + c = 1. Prove that

$$(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)\left(\frac{a^3}{x^2 + 2y^2} + \frac{b^3}{y^2 + 2z^2} + \frac{c^3}{z^2 + 2x^2}\right) \ge \frac{1}{9}.$$

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