## AoPS Community

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1 If $x \neq 0, \frac{x}{2}=y^{2}$ and $\frac{x}{4}=4 y$, then $x$ equals
(A) 8
(B) 16
(C) 32
(D) 64
(E) 128
$2 \quad$ Point $P$ is outside circle $C$ on the plane. At most how many points on $C$ are 3 cm from $P$ ?
(A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) 4
(E) 8

3 Three primes $p, q$, and $r$ satisfy $p+q=r$ and $1<p<q$. Then $p$ equals
(A) 2
(B) 3
(C) 7
(D) 13
(E) 17

4 In the adjoining plane figure, sides $A F$ and $C D$ are parallel, as are sides $A B$ and $E F$, and sides $B C$ and $E D$. Each side has length of 1 . Also, $\measuredangle F A B=\measuredangle B C D=60^{\circ}$. The area of the figure is

(A) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
(B) 1
(C) $\frac{3}{2}$
(D) $\sqrt{3}$
(E) 2

5 Triangle $A B C$ has a right angle at $C$. If $\sin A=\frac{2}{3}$, then $\tan B$ is
(A) $\frac{3}{5}$
(B) $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$
(C) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$
(D) $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$
(E) $\frac{5}{3}$

6 When

$$
x^{5}, \quad x+\frac{1}{x} \quad \text { and } \quad 1+\frac{2}{x}+\frac{3}{x^{2}}
$$

are multiplied, the product is a polynomial of degree
(A) 2
(B) 3
(C) 6
(D) 7
(E) 8
$7 \quad$ Alice sells an item at $\$ 10$ less than the list price and receives $10 \%$ of her selling price as her commission. Bob sells the same item at $\$ 20$ less than the list price and receives $20 \%$ of his selling price as his commission. If they both get the same commission, then the list price is
(A) $\$ 20$
(B) $\$ 30$
(C) $\$ 50$
(D) $\$ 70$
(E) $\$ 100$

8 Let $f(x)=\frac{x+1}{x-1}$. Then for $x^{2} \neq 1, f(-x)$ is
(A) $\frac{1}{f(x)}$
(B) $-f(x)$
(C) $\frac{1}{f(-x)}$
(D) $-f(-x)$
(E) $f(x)$

9 In a certain population the ratio of the number of women to the number of men is 11 to 10 . If the average (arithmetic mean) age of the women is 34 and the average age of the men is 32 , then the average age of the population is
(A) $32 \frac{9}{10}$
(B) $32 \frac{20}{21}$
(C) 33
(D) $33 \frac{1}{21}$
(E) $33 \frac{1}{10}$

10 Segment $A B$ is both a diameter of a circle of radius 1 and a side of an equilateral triangle $A B C$. The circle also intersects $A C$ and $B D$ at points $D$ and $E$, respectively. The length of $A E$ is
(A) $\frac{3}{2}$
(B) $\frac{5}{3}$
(C) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
(D) $\sqrt{3}$
(E) $\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2}$

11 Simplify $\sin (x-y) \cos y+\cos (x-y) \sin y$.
(A) 1
(B) $\sin x$
(C) $\cos x$
(D) $\sin x \cos 2 y$
(E) $\cos x \cos 2 y$

12 If $\log _{7}\left(\log _{3}\left(\log _{2} x\right)\right)=0$, then $x^{-1 / 2}$ equals
(A) $\frac{1}{3}$
(B) $\frac{1}{2 \sqrt{3}}$
(C) $\frac{1}{3 \sqrt{3}}$
(D) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{42}}$
(E) none of these

13 If $x y=a, x z=b$, and $y z=c$, and none of these quantities is zero, then $x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}$ equals:
(A) $\frac{a b+a c+b c}{a b c}$
(B) $\frac{a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}}{a b c}$
(C) $\frac{(a+b+c)^{2}}{a b c}$
(D) $\frac{(a b+a c+b c)^{2}}{a b c}$
(E) $\frac{(a b)^{2}+(a c)^{2}+(b c)^{2}}{a b c}$

14 The units digit of $3^{1001} 7^{1002} 13^{1003}$ is
(A) 1
(B) 3
(C) 5
(D) 7
(E) 9

15 Three balls marked 1,2 , and 3 , are placed in an urn. One ball is drawn, its number is recorded, then the ball is returned to the urn. This process is repeated and then repeated once more, and each ball is equally likely to be drawn on each occasion. If the sum of the numbers recorded is 6 , what is the probability that the ball numbered 2 was drawn all three times?
(A) $\frac{1}{27}$
(B) $\frac{1}{8}$
(C) $\frac{1}{7}$
(D) $\frac{1}{6}$
(E) $\frac{1}{3}$

16 Let

$$
x=.123456789101112 \ldots 998999
$$

where the digits are obtained by writing the integers 1 through 999 in order. The 1983rd digit to the right of the decimal point is
(A) 2
(B) 3
(C) 5
(D) 7
(E) 8

17 The diagram to the right shows several numbers in the complex plane. The circle is the unit circle centered at the origin. One of these numbers is the reciprocal of $F$. Which one?
(A) $A$
(B) $B$
(C) $C$
(D) $D$
(E) $E$

18 Let $f$ be a polynomial function such that, for all real $x$,

$$
f\left(x^{2}+1\right)=x^{4}+5 x^{2}+3
$$

For all real $x, f\left(x^{2}-1\right)$ is
(A) $x^{4}+5 x^{2}+1$
(B) $x^{4}+x^{2}-3$
(C) $x^{4}-5 x^{2}+1$
(D) $x^{4}+x^{2}+3$
(E) None of these

19 Point $D$ is on side $C B$ of triangle $A B C$. If

$$
\angle C A D=\angle D A B=60^{\circ}, \quad A C=3 \quad \text { and } \quad A B=6,
$$

then the length of $A D$ is $(\mathrm{A}) 2$
(B) 2.5
(C) 3
(D) 3.5
(E) 4

20 If $\tan \alpha$ and $\tan \beta$ are the roots of $x^{2}-p x+q=0$, and $\cot \alpha$ and $\cot \beta$ are the roots of $x^{2}-r x+s=0$,
then $r s$ is necessarily (A) $p q$
(B) $\frac{1}{p q}$
(C) $\frac{p}{q^{2}}$
(D) $\frac{q}{p^{2}}$
(E) $\frac{p}{q}$

21 Find the smallest positive number from the numbers below (A) $10-3 \sqrt{11}$
(B) $3 \sqrt{11}-10$
(C) $18-$
$5 \sqrt{13}$
(D) $51-10 \sqrt{26}$
(E) $10 \sqrt{26}-51$

22 Consider the two functions

$$
f(x)=x^{2}+2 b x+1 \quad \text { and } \quad g(x)=2 a(x+b),
$$

where the variable $x$ and the constants $a$ and $b$ are real numbers. Each such pair of the constants $a$ and $b$ may be considered as a point $(a, b)$ in an $a b-$ plane. Let $S$ be the set of such points $(a, b)$
for which the graphs of $y=f(x)$ and $y=g(x)$ do NOT intersect (in the $x y$ - plane.). The area of $S$ is
(A) 1
(B) $\pi$
(C) 4
(D) $4 \pi$
(E) infinite

23 In the adjoining figure the five circles are tangent to one another consecutively and to the lines $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$ ( $L_{1}$ is the line that is above the circles and $L_{2}$ is the line that goes under the circles). If the radius of the largest circle is 18 and that of the smallest one is 8 , then the radius of the middle circle is

(A) 12
(B) 12.5
(C) 13
(D) 13.5
(E) 14

24 How many non-congruent right triangles are there such that the perimeter in cm and the area in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ are numerically equal?
(A) none
(B) 1
(C) 2
(D) 4
(E) infinitely many

25 If $60^{a}=3$ and $60^{b}=5$, then $12^{[(1-a-b) / 2(1-b)]}$ is
(A) $\sqrt{3}$
(B) 2
(C) $\sqrt{5}$
(D) 3
(E) $\sqrt{12}$

26 The probability that event $A$ occurs is $\frac{3}{4}$; the probability that event $B$ occurs is $\frac{2}{3}$. Let $p$ be the probability that both $A$ and $B$ occur. The smallest interval necessarily containing $p$ is the interval
(A) $\left[\frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{2}\right]$
(B) $\left[\frac{5}{12}, \frac{1}{2}\right]$
(C) $\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}\right]$
(D) $\left[\frac{5}{12}, \frac{2}{3}\right]$
(E) $\left[\frac{1}{12}, \frac{2}{3}\right]$

27 A large sphere is on a horizontal field on a sunny day. At a certain time the shadow of the sphere reaches out a distance of 10 m from the point where the sphere touches the ground. At the same instant a meter stick (held vertically with one end on the ground) casts a shadow of length 2 m . What is the radius of the sphere in meters? (Assume the sun's rays are parallel and the meter stick is a line segment.)
(A) $\frac{5}{2}$
(B) $9-4 \sqrt{5}$
(C) $8 \sqrt{10}-23$
(D) $6-\sqrt{15}$
(E) $10 \sqrt{5}-20$

28 Triangle $\triangle A B C$ in the figure has area 10. Points $D, E$ and $F$, all distinct from $A, B$ and $C$, are on sides $A B, B C$ and $C A$ respectively, and $A D=2, D B=3$. If triangle $\triangle A B E$ and quadrilateral $D B E F$ have equal areas, then that area is

(A) 4
(B) 5
(C) 6
(D) $\frac{5}{3} \sqrt{10}$
(E) not uniquely determined

29 A point $P$ lies in the same plane as a given square of side 1 . Let the vertices of the square, taken counterclockwise, be $A, B, C$ and $D$. Also, let the distances from $P$ to $A, B$ and $C$, respectively, be $u, v$ and $w$. What is the greatest distance that $P$ can be from $D$ if $u^{2}+v^{2}=w^{2}$ ?
(A) $1+\sqrt{2}$
(B) $2 \sqrt{2}$
(C) $2+\sqrt{2}$
(D) $3 \sqrt{2}$
(E) $3+\sqrt{2}$

30 Distinct points $A$ and $B$ are on a semicircle with diameter $M N$ and center $C$. The point $P$ is on $C N$ and $\angle C A P=\angle C B P=10^{\circ}$. If $\widehat{M A}=40^{\circ}$, then $\widehat{B N}$ equals

(A) $10^{\circ}$
(B) $15^{\circ}$
(C) $20^{\circ}$
(D) $25^{\circ}$
(E) $30^{\circ}$

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