

AoPS Community

India National Olympiad 1991

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1 Find the number of positive integers *n* for which

(i) $n \le 1991;$

- (ii) 6 is a factor of $(n^2 + 3n + 2)$.
- **2** Given an acute-angled triangle *ABC*, let points A', B', C' be located as follows: A' is the point where altitude from *A* on *BC* meets the outwards-facing semicircle on *BC* as diameter. Points B', C' are located similarly. Prove that $A[BCA']^2 + A[CAB']^2 + A[ABC']^2 = A[ABC]^2$ where A[ABC] is the area of triangle
- **3** Given a triangle *ABC* let

ABC.

$$x = \tan\left(\frac{B-C}{2}\right)\tan\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)$$
$$y = \tan\left(\frac{C-A}{2}\right)\tan\left(\frac{B}{2}\right)$$
$$z = \tan\left(\frac{A-B}{2}\right)\tan\left(\frac{C}{2}\right).$$

Prove that x + y + z + xyz = 0.

- 4 Let a, b, c be real numbers with 0 < a < 1, 0 < b < 1, 0 < c < 1, and a + b + c = 2. Prove that $\frac{a}{1-a} \cdot \frac{b}{1-b} \cdot \frac{c}{1-c} \ge 8$.
- 5 Triangle *ABC* has an incenter *I*. Let points *X*, *Y* be located on the line segments *AB*, *AC* respectively, so that $BX \cdot AB = IB^2$ and $CY \cdot AC = IC^2$. Given that the points *X*, *I*, *Y* lie on a straight line, find the possible values of the measure of angle *A*.
 - 6 (i) Determine the set of all positive integers n for which 3^{n+1} divides $2^{3^n} + 1$;

(ii) Prove that 3^{n+2} does not divide $2^{3^n} + 1$ for any positive integer *n*.

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7 Solve the following system for real x, y, z

$$\begin{array}{rcrcrcrc} x+y-z &=& 4 \\ \{ x^2-y^2+z^2 &=& -4 \\ xyz &=& 6. \end{array}$$

- 8 There are 10 objects of total weight 20, each of the weights being a positive integers. Given that none of the weights exceeds 10, prove that the ten objects can be divided into two groups that balance each other when placed on 2 pans of a balance.
- **9** Triangle ABC has an incenter I lits incircle touches the side BC at T. The line through T parallel to IA meets the incircle again at S and the tangent to the incircle at S meets AB, AC at points C', B' respectively. Prove that triangle AB'C' is similar to triangle ABC.
- **10** For any positive integer *n*, let s(n) denote the number of ordered pairs (x, y) of positive integers for which $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = \frac{1}{n}$. Determine the set of positive integers for which s(n) = 5



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