

AoPS Community

India National Olympiad 1994

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- 1 Let *G* be the centroid of the triangle *ABC* in which the angle at *C* is obtuse and *AD* and *CF* be the medians from *A* and *C* respectively onto the sides *BC* and *AB*. If the points *B*, *D*, *G* and *F* are concyclic, show that $\frac{AC}{BC} \ge \sqrt{2}$. If further *P* is a point on the line *BG* extended such that *AGCP* is a parallelogram, show that triangle *ABC* and *GAP* are similar.
- **2** If $x^5 x^3 + x = a$, prove that $x^6 \ge 2a 1$.
- **3** In any set of 181 square integers, prove that one can always find a subset of 19 numbers, sum of whose elements is divisible by 19.
- **4** Find the number of nondegenerate triangles whose vertices lie in the set of points (s, t) in the plane such that $0 \le s \le 4, 0 \le t \le 4$, s and t are integers.
- **5** A circle passes through the vertex of a rectangle *ABCD* and touches its sides *AB* and *AD* at *M* and *N* respectively. If the distance from *C* to the line segment *MN* is equal to 5 units, find the area of rectangle *ABCD*.
- 6 Find all real-valued functions f on the reals such that f(-x) = -f(x), f(x+1) = f(x) + 1 for all x, and $f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{f(x)}{x^2}$ for $x \neq 0$.

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