## AoPS Community

China Team Selection Test 1992
www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c4948
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## Day 1

116 students took part in a competition. All problems were multiple choice style. Each problem had four choices. It was said that any two students had at most one answer in common, find the maximum number of problems.

2 Let $n \geq 2, n \in \mathbb{N}$, find the least positive real number $\lambda$ such that for arbitrary $a_{i} \in \mathbb{R}$ with $i=1,2, \ldots, n$ and $b_{i} \in\left[0, \frac{1}{2}\right]$ with $i=1,2, \ldots, n$, the following holds:

$$
\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_{i}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} b_{i}=1 \Rightarrow \prod_{i=1}^{n} a_{i} \leq \lambda \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_{i} b_{i} .
$$

3 For any prime $p$, prove that there exists integer $x_{0}$ such that $p \mid\left(x_{0}^{2}-x_{0}+3\right) \Leftrightarrow$ there exists integer $y_{0}$ such that $p \mid\left(y_{0}^{2}-y_{0}+25\right)$.

## Day 2

1 A triangle $A B C$ is given in the plane with $A B=\sqrt{7}, B C=\sqrt{13}$ and $C A=\sqrt{19}$, circles are drawn with centers at $A, B$ and $C$ and radii $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}$ and 1, respectively. Prove that there are points $A^{\prime}, B^{\prime}, C^{\prime}$ on these three circles respectively such that triangle $A B C$ is congruent to triangle $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$.

2 A $(3 n+1) \times(3 n+1)$ table $(n \in \mathbb{N})$ is given. Prove that deleting any one of its squares yields a shape cuttable into pieces of the following form and its rotations: "L" shape formed by cutting one square from a $2 \times 2$ squares.

3 For any $n, T \geq 2, n, T \in \mathbb{N}$, find all $a \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $\forall a_{i}>0, i=1,2, \ldots, n$, we have

$$
\sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{a \cdot k+\frac{a^{2}}{4}}{S_{k}}<T^{2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{a_{k}},
$$

where $S_{k}=\sum_{i=1}^{k} a_{i}$.

