Art of Problem Solving

## AoPS Community

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by orl, nhat, manuel, Rafal, treegoner

## Day 1

1 For all primes $p \geq 3$, define $F(p)=\sum_{k=1}^{\frac{p-1}{2}} k^{120}$ and $f(p)=\frac{1}{2}-\left\{\frac{F(p)}{p}\right\}$, where $\{x\}=x-[x]$, find the value of $f(p)$.

2 Let $n \geq 2, n \in \mathbb{N}, a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{N}, \frac{a}{b}+\frac{c}{d}<1$ and $a+c \leq n$, find the maximum value of $\frac{a}{b}+\frac{c}{d}$ for fixed $n$.

3 A graph $G=(V, E)$ is given. If at least $n$ colors are required to paints its vertices so that between any two same colored vertices no edge is connected, then call this graph " $n$-colored". Prove that for any $n \in \mathbb{N}$, there is a $n$-colored graph without triangles.

## Day 2

1 Find all integer solutions to $2 x^{4}+1=y^{2}$.
2 Let $S=\{(x, y) \mid x=1,2, \ldots, 1993, y=1,2,3,4\}$. If $T \subset S$ and there aren't any squares in $T$. Find the maximum possible value of $|T|$. The squares in $T$ use points in $S$ as vertices.

3 Let $A B C$ be a triangle and its bisector at $A$ cuts its circumcircle at $D$. Let $I$ be the incenter of triangle $A B C, M$ be the midpoint of $B C, P$ is the symmetric to $I$ with respect to $M$ (Assuming $P$ is in the circumcircle). Extend $D P$ until it cuts the circumcircle again at $N$. Prove that among segments $A N, B N, C N$, there is a segment that is the sum of the other two.

