

AoPS Community

1990 Canada National Olympiad

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- 1 A competition involving $n \ge 2$ players was held over k days. In each day, the players received scores of 1, 2, 3, ..., n points with no players receiving the same score. At the end of the k days, it was found that each player had exactly 26 points in total. Determine all pairs (n, k) for which this is possible.
- 2 $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ distinct numbers are arranged at random into *n* rows. The first row has 1 number, the second has 2 numbers, the third has 3 numbers and so on. Find the probability that the largest number in each row is smaller than the largest number in each row with more numbers.
- **3** The feet of the perpendiculars from the intersection point of the diagonals of a convex cyclic quadrilateral to the sides form a quadrilateral *q*. Show that the sum of the lengths of each pair of opposite sides of *q* is equal.
- **4** A particle can travel at speeds up to $\frac{2m}{s}$ along the *x*-axis, and up to $\frac{1m}{s}$ elsewhere in the plane. Provide a labelled sketch of the region which can be reached within one second by the particle starting at the origin.

5 The function $f : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{R}$ satisfies f(1) = 1, f(2) = 2 and

f(n+2) = f(n+2 - f(n+1)) + f(n+1 - f(n)).

Show that $0 \le f(n+1) - f(n) \le 1$. Find all *n* for which f(n) = 1025.

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